A. L. Bancroft & Co
721 Market St

The Yolo Democrat.

VOL VII. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1874. NO. 32.

The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY

WM. SAUNDERS.

Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square (9 lines or less), first insertion..$1 50
Each subsequent insertion..... 1 00

A liberal discount made from above rates to quarterly or yearly advertisers.

Legal advertising at rates established by law.

Star (*) notices in the local department, ten cents a line for the first and five cts. a line for each subsequent insertion.

☞ All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
AND FANCY GOODS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,
MAIN STREET,

Nearly opposite the Capital Hotel, Woodland, is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

AGENCY OF THE

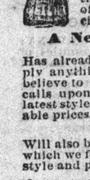
Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

je5-3m

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS. & MISS PORTER



having purchased the stock and business of Mmes. WILLIARD AND PHILLIPS in the above line, desire to inform the public of the fact, and at the same time solicit the patronage of the Ladies of Woodland and vicinity.

A New Stock of Millinery

Has already been added, so that we can supply anything in that line promptly, and we believe to the satisfaction of everyone who calls upon us. We shall aim to keep the latest styles of goods, and sell them at reasonable prices.

Dressmaking

Will also be a prominent feature with us, in which we feel confident we can please both in style and prices.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns.

The ladies are respectfully invited to give us a call, examine our goods and leave their orders.

MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.
Woodland, Sept. 11th, 1873. je12-3m

A SUCCESSFUL INVENTION.

RUNNEL & COOPER'S

Tunnel Clothes Washer!

J. C. SMITH,

Of Woodland, has purchased the right for selling the above machine in Yolo County and has introduced it to some extent in this place.

For Sale at Porter & Co's Store.

Machine and Family Right, $6.

Address, J. C. SMITH,
ap24-3m Woodland.

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

BUSH STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME,

Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,

SAN FRANCISCO.

TERMS: $2 PER DAY.

KELLY & ANDREWS,
PROPRIETORS.

The Coach, plainly marked "BROOKLYN HOTEL," will be at the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings, to convey guests to the Hotel, free of charge. ap24-3m

NEW

Shaving and Hair-Dressing

SALOON,

HUMMEL BROS., Proprietors,

One Door East of Yolo Market,

MAIN STREET, - - WOODLAND.

All work in the Tonsorial line warranted to please.

☞ Orders for Ladies' Hair Work received and promptly attended to by an accomplished Ladies' Hair-Dresser.

WM. HUMMEL,
my6-3m P. HUMMEL.

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

FRANK FRARY, Proprietor.

Everything new and modern in style. The table will be furnished with the best in the market. Meals will be furnished and the house kept

On the European Plan.

The proprietor is a successful caterer to the public wants, and will give entire satisfaction to all who favor the Craft Hotel with their patronage.

Terms Reasonable.

☞ Free conveyance to and from the cars.
je19 tf

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.
ap17-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

L. MACHEFERT,
WATCHMAKER
—AND—
JEWELER.

Now Sole Proprietor of the Jewelry business of

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT,
Main Street, Woodland.

Has the Largest Assortment of

Clocks, Gents' and Ladies' Gold Watches, American and Swiss Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Earrings, etc.

Silver and Silver-plated Ware,

Knives, Pistols, Guns, Ammunition, Toys and Fancy Goods,

—AND IS THE—

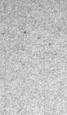
Agent in Woodland for the Florence Sewing Machine.

P. S.—All Watch and Jewelry Repairs guaranteed satisfactory. my15-3m

TO THE LADIES

—OF—

Woodland and Yolo County.



MRS. OCBURN,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Spring Millinery Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same

N.B.—Particular attention given to

DRESSMAKING!

Also, Agency of the

NEW WEED SEWING MACHINE!

ap10 One of the most reliable in use.

YOLO POULTRY YARDS.

J. F. FRIGGENS,

IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF

HIGH-CLASS POULTRY.

The undersigned is largely engaged in the Poultry business in all its branches, dealing in both fancy and common breeds. I have for sale very fine

BUFF COCHINS,
LIGHT BRAMAS,
And HOUDANS,

All the Common Breeds bought and sold.

Orders addressed to me at Woodland will meet with prompt attention.
Cash must accompany orders.

J. F. FRIGGENS,
Opposite Porter's store, Main st., Woodland. ap24-3m

The Woman's Friend!

Another lot of those celebrated

STEAM WASHERS

Which rival all kinds of Washing Machines has arrived. Men who wish to make continual peace with their wives and daughters should not fail to avail themselves of the present opportunity of taking one home. No wash-board; no hard rubbing; does not tear clothes; washes with steam, and no labor whatever; fits any stove; put it on after breakfast is ready, and by the time you get the dishes washed your washing is completed; (and right here, ladies, let me say all it lacks is it will not iron.) I do not ask you to buy if it will not prove to your satisfaction an indispensable machine.

Give it a fair trial, according to instructions, before giving your decision, and if you find you are determined not to be suited, return, and no charges. I could give you many good testimonials, but as my Washer sells entirely on its own merits, I ask none. For curtains and flannels, fine lace collars, etc., this would be a Cheap Washer if it would do no more. It certainly does all claimed for it. Sold at

West'n Union Telegraph Office,
MAIN STREET, BY
M. BOUNDS.

PRICE, - ELEVEN DOLLARS.
my8-3m

C. L. BEACH,

(Late of BEACH, SOVEREIGN & CO.) will continue the business of manufacturing

Wagons, Carriages & Buggies!

He will hereafter be found in the blacksmith shop of D. Dunphey, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Main street, Woodland.

MR. BEACH is an old and experienced workman at the business, and he has now a large stock of new material, selected with care and especially adapted to this market.

GENERAL JOBBING

Done at reasonable rates. Call and leave your orders and they will be promptly filled.

☞ By strict attention to business I hope to continue to receive a liberal share of patronage. I have for sale, at good bargains, a number of

Header Wagons, Spring Wagons, Buggies and Lumber Wagons

of my own manufacture, and made of the best of seasoned material. C. L. BEACH.
my6-3m

Independent Express and

ACCOMMODATION TO

LANGVILLE,

VIA COTTONWOOD.

We have established an Independent Express and Accommodation Line to Langville, at the mouth of Capay Valley, via Cottonwood, for the benefit of the traveling public, running one conveyance daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:

Leaves Woodland every morning at 7 o'clock. Returning, leaves Langville at 12:15 P.M., arriving at Woodland at 3 P.M., making connection with the 3½ P.M. train for the south.

OFFICES, at the City Livery Stable, Woodland; at Levy's Store, at Langville, and at the Postoffice at Cottonwood, where all orders left will be promptly attended to.

McHENRY & HUBBARD, Prop's.
Woodland, April 23d, 1874. ap24-3m

O'BRIEN'S

SALOON and RESTAURANT,

CACHEVILLE,

BLIND AUGUST, Proprietor.

MEALS, Twenty-five cents, furnished at all hours; also, the best

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS. my15-3m

J. LAMBERT,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office: over Nicklesburg Bros.' store, Main street, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. je19

DR. E. A. GORDON,

KNIGHTS LANDING,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of that vicinity. Orders left at P. S. Glasscock's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. je12-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE—In Bynum & Co's Drug Store, corner of Main and Railroad streets, Woodland.
RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. je12-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, over Nicklesburg's store. Residence, Front street, immediately west of College Chapel. je12

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, Etc.,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; now located at Davisville, Cal. je12-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank, SACRAMENTO. [3m

je12]

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT-LAW,

Office at Court House, Woodland. je6-3m

PRATHER & PLOMTEAUX,

DENTISTS,

Have removed to their new rooms in Odd Fellows' Block, cor. Main and First streets. Office Hours—8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M. je5

DR. C. P. GETTIER,

DENTAL ROOMS, BANK BUILDING, MAIN ST

(Over Frost & Bush's Law Office.)

Dental Surgery in all cases skillfully performed. Diseases of the mouth and offensive breath cured. Mechanical Dentistry done in the best style of the art. Teeth Extracted without Pain. All Operations Warranted. my28-3m

W. A. HENRY,

CONVEYANCER AND AUCTIONEER,

Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Notes and Accounts Drawn in legal form. Loans negotiated. Highest price paid for County Warrants. OFFICE—In Court House, Woodland. my22

CREED HAYMOND,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 53 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel. my21-3m

STERLING G. HARPER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office in new brick building, next door west of the old Bank, Woodland, Cal. my 13-3m

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. my18

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSISICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. my8-3m

JAMES JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
COURT COMMISSIONER FOR YOLO CO.

Office up stairs, in old Bank building, Woodland. my8-3m

L. FRIEL,

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

OFFICE—In the Court House, Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal. Will attend promptly to surveying in all parts of the county. my1-3m

A. B. MERING, M.D.,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Those formerly occupied by Dr. D. Ray. Orders left at the Drug store of Ruggles & Reindollar will be promptly attended to. ap17-3m

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and Main Street, Woodland, Cal. ap17-3m

DR. R. D. HARKNESS,

HOMEOPATHIST AND VISITING PHYSICIAN,

May be found day or night at his rooms in the Craft House, when not engaged out professionally. Consultations held in Craft House Parlors. Disease treated by specific medication without the injurious action of mercury and other drug poisons. Diseases of Women and Children a specialty. ap17

DR. E. L. PARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Woodland, Yolo County. Calls promptly attended to. Leave orders at Simpson's Drug Store. ap10-3m

FROST & BUSH,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. ap10-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN...VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge. je5

OTTO HANSON,

Merchant Tailor,

No 106 J STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, - Sacramento,

Has greatly reduced the price of Gents' Custom-made Clothing. Fine Cassimere and Tweed Pants, superior finish, at $3 and upwards. Diagonal and Cassimere Business Suits, $40 and upwards. Also a

☞ GREAT REDUCTION IN ALL THE FASHIONABLE MATERIALS!

A full line of **GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS** of the best quality. je20-3m

A Remarkable Dream.

[Published by request.]

While in Hannibal, Missouri, last week, Dr. T. B. Norton, a family physician, well known in that region, whose word may be implicitly relied upon, related to me the following remarkable circumstance with regard to the fulfillment of a strange dream by Mr. Richardson, of Carroll Parish, Louisiana.

In the year 1855 Mr. Richardson was a wealthy planter, a man of influence, sober, and kind to his family, though he often boasted of his infidelity and was a despiser of Christ; yet his position in the community was such that he was generally respected. His wife was a cultivated Christian lady, had given her heart to Jesus in her childhood, and with her children was a regular attendant at church. But her husband had never entered the house of God with her since their marriage. One Saturday evening Mr. Richardson said: "I will go with you and hear the Rev. Judge Lane, of Mississippi, preach to-morrow." The judge was well known in all the region, and it was considered a remarkable thing that he should turn preacher.

That night Mr. Richardson dreamed "that he was in a new box, shaped like a coffin, floating down the Mississippi River, without any way of saving himself. Finally the box sunk and he in it." He got up and walked the room awhile, then laid down again and dreamed the same thing the second time. In the morning he said to his wife, "I had a foolish dream last night; it is so silly I am ashamed to tell it;" yet in a laughing, careless manner he related his dream. Within one hour's time he was taken sick; his physician came and said to him, "You must soon die; if you have any business transactions to arrange attend to them as soon as possible." Mr. Richardson said to him, "Doctor, do you think I must die?" "Yes," he answered, "You must, and that very soon." Mr. Richardson replied, "I defy God Almighty or Jesus Christ to kill me;" then, turning to his wife, he said, "Wife, bring your Bible and all your religious books and place them on that table; now bring all my infidel books and place them alongside of yours." She did so. He then added, "I have never for one moment doubted your Christianity; your daily walk, conversation, and deportment for the last seven years have been uniform. If I must leave you my request is that you continue to live the life of a Christian, loving and serving your God." He then said, "Take all those infidel works of mine, every one, and cast them into the fire; burn them before my eyes; they have been my ruin; they shall never ruin my children." Turning again to his wife he exclaimed in despair, "How can I die and meet my God? I defy him to kill me. I have despised him and Jesus Christ from my boyhood to this hour."

He then sprang up, saying, "This room is full of devils; do not let them take me away; call in the servants to assist you, for hell will be my portion forever; but if God is determined to kill me do not let me be buried here in the low-lands beside the Mississippi River; you remember the eighty that were interred here in that long ditch, who died with the cholera in 1832, on a steamboat; the bank is washed away and the channel of the river now runs over the spot. I want you to take my body down the river to Vicksburg and bury it in the high ground."

He then continued for hours to blaspheme God in language that can not be repeated. One would almost think that he had the *delirium tremens;* but he was a sober, temperate man. As he drew near the confines of eternity he exclaimed, "My old companions have left me; stay with me, my dear wife, and keep those heads out of the room. Jesus Christ, I will not meet you. I know I am lost, lost forever. I shall never meet my dear wife again, and my little children I shall never see again in this world or the next." So he died in utter despair.

There were few steamboats on the Mississippi River in those days. His body was put into a coffin, placed in a large skiff destined for Vicksburg, where it was his wish to be interred.

While on the way a heavy storm arose, and the men in the skiff were compelled to make for shore; but before they reached it heavy waves rolled over the skiff, washing the coffin that contained the infidel's body out into deep water, where it sunk to rise no more until the resurrection morn, when it shall be said, "Arise, ye dead, and come to judgment."

I feel assured that every word of this remarkable death-bed scene is true. Dr. Norton repeated it to me twice, and then, that I might make no mistakes, I asked him to write it out. I thought some of your readers might make use of it in sermons or social gatherings, to warn the careless and indifferent sinners of their danger, and how their views will change as they approach the hour of death.

It is my earnest prayer that the Holy Spirit may use it in awakening many infidels and careless sinners from the wrath to come.—*Rev. E. Payson Hammond, in Herald and Presbyter.*

THE VALUE OF COUNTRY WEEKLIES AS ADVERTISING MEDIUMS.—Extract from a paper read by Howard Owen, editor of the *Kennebec Journal*, before the Association of Maine editors and publishers, at the annual meeting held in Augusta, February 23d, 1874:

There are small country papers running along on a few hundreds circulation—not reaching a thousand—whose value as advertising mediums could'nt be made up by two or three thousands in the circulation of the larger papers. They are the *home*, fireside papers of the people; to be read and re-read by their local patrons—advertisement and all. The advertisement itself, though it may be foreign, becomes localized by appearing in the local paper—just as a strange child is adopted into a family, and is soon loved as one of the children. The same advertisement that seems to possess so much interest in the local paper, may be simply glanced at as it comes to the home in the columns of the general newspaper of wide circulation.

SOMETIMES in hot weather everybody about a daily newspaper office wishes that he was a beloved pastor of a rich congregation, that he might have two or three months, vacation with salary running along all the same. But religious services can be dispensed with, and the daily paper can't.—*Dayton Journal.*

Mr. Lick's Big Telescope.

How amply endowed will be the Lick Observatory, on the summit of Sierra, may be conjectured from the fact that the great Washington telescope cost but $44,000. The Trustees who have the spending of the $700,000 will be limited simply by the ability of the glass-makers to turn out a lens of sufficient size. We assume that the proposed telescope will be a refractor, since the great reflectors, of which the best known are Herschell's and Ross's, have been found comparatively useless for accurate observations. The great speculum or object-mirror of the former was 49½ inches diameter, and the latter had two specula of 6 feet diameter. Both were among the marvels of the generations that saw them constructed, but the latter, albeit only thirty years old, is nearly as much out of date as the former, which was constructed eighty-five years ago. It is just possible that the existence of a bequest large enough to yield six times the price which has ever been paid for a telescope may be the means giving birth to lenses of what would now be reckened impossible size and perfection. The 26-inch object lens of the Washington telescope has been duplicated in the one ordered by Mr. McCormick of Chicago for the Washington and Lee University of Lexington, Va. But though larger lenses have been talked of, their successful production is still problematical. Many costly failures have preceded the attainment of the twenty-six inches diameter, and Chance & Co. are said to be the only firm in the world who will undertake the manufacture of a disc of that size.

Under the stimulus of Mr. Lick's lavish endowment it is to be hoped that some American glass-makers may be tempted to make an effort to render it unnecessary for our opticians to go to England for their lenses. Science knows no country, and Mr. Lick's munificent bequest in the cause of astronomy will be hailed by *savans* all over the world. But now that we have at Washington, at Chicago, at Harvard and at Lexington four telescopes which can be matched by no country in the world, it is to be wished that the scientific workmanship of the country will keep pace with its scientific ardor.—*New York Times.*

GOOD RETORT.—Nesmith, of Oregon, is a great joker, and occasionally gets off some splendid hits on the members of Congress. A Washington letter-writer tells one of these as follows:

Nesmith served one term in the Senate several years ago, and a few days after he was sworn in he was passing one of the cloak-rooms, and inside were Fessenden, Morrill, and several others whose names we cannot call. They hailed him, invited him in, and after conversing for a few moments asked him very abruptly: "Mr. Nesmith, you have come from a very wild country, where you say the greater part of your life has been passed. Will you tell us what first struck you on coming to the Senate?" "Well, gentlemen, when I took my seat in this august body, said to be composed of the brains of our great country, I was overwhelmed with the strangeness of the one idea, how I came to be here." "Oh! Ah! Ugh! So! And then, Mr. Nesmith, what then—what was your next cause for wonder?" "The next thing, gentlemen," answered Nesmith, slowly gathering up his great length, "that came to me, puzzling me more than the first though, was how in the deuce all you other fellows got here!" There was a shout, and from that day these solemn old fellows who had thought to overawe by their pomposity the crude young Senator, were his sworn friends, and never neglected an opportunity to tell this story.

IS HE RICH.—Many a sigh is heaved, many a heart is broken, many a life is rendered miserable, by the infatuation which persons often manifest in choosing a life companion for their daughters. How is it possible for happiness to result from the union of two principles as diametrically opposed to each other in every point, as virtue to vice? And yet, how often is wealth considered a better recommendation for young men than virtue? How often is the first question which is asked respecting the suitor of a daughter this: "Is he rich?" But does that afford any evidence that he will make a kind husband? "Is he rich?" Yes, his clothing is purple and fine linen, and he fares sumptuously every day; but can you tell from that he is virtuous? "Is he rich?" Yes, he has thousands floating on every ocean; but do not riches sometimes take to themselves wings and fly away? And will you consent that your daughter shall marry a man who has nothing to recommend him but his wealth? Ah, beware! The gilded bait sometimes covers a bearded hook. Ask not then, "Is he rich?" "But is he virtuous?" Ask not then, if he has wealth, but has he honor? and do not sacrifice your daughter's peace for money.

INTEMPERANCE IN EATING.—A retired physician writes: "How does it happen that amid the everlasting cry against drunkeness, we never hear a word against its sister evil, gluttony? I think I can assert with truth that in a long practice, three died among my patients from over-eating, where one has died from drink. Whence come apoplexy, paralysis, dyspepsia, and a host of other diseases, but from too much and too rich food taken under the most imprudent circumstances? And yet we hear of no society formed to prevent this growing vice. A man eats until he drops down and expires with apoplexy by the roadside, when up comes the coroner with a jury of twelve good men and true, who pronounce the verdict, "Died of intemperance." So he did, but what kind of intemperance was it? I have heard more than one minister in the pulpit expatiate with great vehemence against the sin of drunkeness, whose very appearance was proof positive that he was preeminently guilty of gluttony."

LIVERIED SERVANTS.—It is a common thing in San Francisco nowadays to see carriages driven through the streets with liveried servants, in the English style. Purse-proud shoddyites, whose fathers and grandfathers were probably very humble people, have introduced this foreign fashion. It looks strange and repulsive, in this republican land of equality to see white men wearing badges for servitude.—*Lake County Bee.*

Regulation of the Liquor Traffic in England.

At the present time, when there is so much agitation on the subject of Local Option laws, our readers may be interested by an account of the conditions under which the trade in intoxicating liquors is carried on in Great Britain and Ireland. With some slight variations, the public houses and beer shops in Ireland are regulated under the same Acts as the English, while in Scotland the regulations are rather more stringent. We shall therefore get a sufficiently accurate idea of the management of the liquor traffic in the United Kingdom if we see how an English publican has to proceed in order to set up in business, and how he is compelled to conduct his business for the benefit of the public. If he simply wants to purchase a business already established he has to go before the justices of the peace and obtain a transfer of the license. This he can generally do on giving proof that he is a man of good character. If, however, he wishes to open a new house, he must, besides proving his own respectability, show that his premises are convenient and fit to be used as a public house, and further that a certain number of the respectable householders of the neighborhood wish the house to be opened for the sale of beer, wine and spirits. Still, any residents in the parish who object to the opening of the house can go before the licensing magistrate, and if the objections seem reasonable and well-grounded, a license will not be granted. The premises are required to consist of at least two rooms, and in the case of applications for new license to be of a rateable value, at least equivalent to $125 per annum. This attempt to squeeze the small publicans out of the trade is made because it is found that the large houses are generally better conducted than the very small ones. The landlords having more at stake, are more careful not to make their houses a nuisance to their neighbors. Supposing the magistrates to have granted a license, the publican must then pay to the national revenue a sum varying according to the rateable value of his property, from $27 50 to $82 50 annually. If he chooses to close his house on Sunday all day he may take out a six-day license, for which he will pay six-sevenths of the charge of an ordinary license. Having commenced business in a large town, and near some market, he may open at 5 o'clock in the morning; he must open no later than 7. With regard for the time for closing, the law will be altered when a bill before Parliament for the amendment of the licensing Act of 1872 has passed. It is proposed that the hour for closing on week day shall be twenty or thirty minutes after midnight in large towns, 11 o'clock in small towns, and 10 o'clock in the rural districts. On Sunday the public-house is not to be opened before half-past twelve or one in the day, and is to be closed again from three until six in the afternoon, and then to be finally closed at eleven, ten or nine, according to the situation. The publican is not allowed to sell any liquor during prohibited hours, except to a lodger, if the place be an inn, or on Sunday to a *bona fide* traveler. If he breaks the law he is liable to be fined in a penalty of from $5 to $100, and the conviction may be indorsed on his license. If three convictions should be indorsed on his license it will be forfeited, and he will not be allowed to carry on business any longer as a publican. Any persons found drinking on his premises during prohibited hours are also liable to be proceeded against by the police and fined. No intoxicated person, nor any one under sixteen years of age, is to be served with drink. The Government inspectors appointed to detect adulteration of food and drugs are, under the amended law, to see that the publican's liquor is not adulterated, and so the Briton hopes that when he asks for ale he will get ale, and not a villainous compound for the purpose of increasing his thirst.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

BEST AGE OF HENS.—The advice contained in the following paragraph is from an experienced poultry-raiser, who has made both money and reputation by following this branch of domestic industry. His suggestions, if followed, will enable those who raise poultry to keep young and profitable fowls, instead of a great number of old and feeble fowls which are not worth the food they consume:

A pullet hatched early in the Spring begins to lay at the approach of Winter, and pullets hatched late in the Summer begin to lay in the ensuing Spring, and it is by saving a certain proportion of pullets from the early and late broods, that you make sure of Winter eggs; a few early hatched chickens for catching the highest markets, and a numerous flock of chickens in the warm months, when raising is less precarious. The hen continues in her prime for two, and, at most, three years—therefore save every year pullets equal to a third of your brood stock, selling off at a trifling price the same number of aged hens, or offering them up in a stewed dish or well baked pie. However, I made no scruple about keeping a heavy symmetrically-made, splendidly feathered "partlet," of four years, for the sake of her stock. Many farmers grumble about their poultry, from not paying attention to such a simple matter as their brood stock once a year, drafting all the old dames (known by the developed scales on their legs), and reserving from the market basket the most promising young pullets raised during the season.

CHRISTIAN COURTESY.—Every man has his faults, his peculiarities. Every one of us finds himself crossed by such failings of others from hour to hour, and, if we were to resent or even notice all, life would be intolerable. If, for every outburst of hasty temper and for every rudeness that wounds us in our daily path, we were to demand an apology, require an explanation, or resent it by retaliation, daily intercourse would be impossible. The very science of social life consists in that gliding tact which avoids contact with the sharp angularities of character, which does not seek to adjust or cure them all, but covers them as it did not see. So a Christian throws a cloak of love over these things. It knows when it is wise not to see. That microscopic distinctness in which all faults appear to captious men, who are ever blaming, complaing, disappears in the calm gaze of love. And oh, it is this spirit which our Christian society lacks, and which we will never get till each one begins with his own heart.

Orange Culture.

Govenor Downey in the *Overland Monthly* makes the following practical remarks on this subject: Let those who can, procure the seed of good sized and well flavored oranges; prepare their seed-boxes or pots with good loamy soil mixed with sand; then plant the seed, barely covering them, and keeping the surface moist with a sprinkler. A box two feet by four produced me 100 healthy trees. Persons residing in the northern and middle counties, by pursuing this course, will have their trees from infancy acclimated to the latitude where they are destined to grow. Their seedling will be in in perfect condition for transplanting; and, in fact, if care be taken, the individual tree will not show by any check in its growth that it has been removed from where it first germinated. The item of tree-buying is a matter of mere fancy, and should not be set down as a necessity. The care and cultivation make another item of which the expense is somewhat exaggerated. I have a thrifty young orange orchard, say of ten acres. The man who takes care of three horses, one carriage, two buggies, attends and milks two cows, does general housework besides, and acts as janitor of my buildings in the city, attends to this orchard and keeps it in first-rate condition. Besides these duties he raises all my hay and alfalfa, feeds my poultry, etc. It may thus be seen that the figuring of the cost of cultivation is more ideal than real.

Irrigation and its cost are also exaggerated. Twelve days' water a year I find sufficient. My assistant runs the plow oftener than the *zanja*.

The farmer or stock raiser should plant orange, lemon and lime trees. The men and help they must necessarily have can be occasionally called to do all the work required, and not be missed at the end of the year by any consequent loss or neglect to other interests. Plows, harrows, cultivators and carts are already possessed, and the manure required to keep his orchard mellow and rich is close at hand. The orange tree planted by the farmer, his son, wife or daughter will be watched in all the progress of its growth fruition with infinite pleasure. The period of reaping the pecuniary reward will soon roll round, and then the orange orchard will be a lasting heritage.

The gentleman of wealth or of literary habits will find the same pleasure in this pursuit, and it will prove a most salutary relaxation from study and care in those intervals devoted to pruning and directing the size, symmetry and shape of his pets—for such they will prove to be.

THE STORE-ROOM.—The store-room is, or should be, the treasury of a house and the pride of the mistress; it is from this garnered store that she draws her supplies in all those cases of sudden need which occur in neighborhoods and families, and it is also the safe receptacle of the choicer dainties required for *fetes* and holidays, birthdays and festivals, which lose half their rarity if they do not burst upon young and old as some sort of a surprise. Moreover, though it is possible to buy delicacies, yet it is not always possible to buy the delicacy you want, prepared in the manner you prefer, or to which you have become accustomed. Half the pleasure of a house or home of your own, consists in being able to gratify your special tastes and preferences, and those of your immediate family; and the wife who does not make a study of this branch of domestic science, neglects a very potent influence in the creation and perservation of the health and happiness of a household. But it must never be forgotten, that in city or country, while a store-room requires personal care and attention, while exquisite cleanliness, and order, and regularity are necessary to its well-being and the satisfaction to be derived from it, yet these are not the ends of its existence. It lives to be useful to others; it keeps safe from contact, and smell, and base usage, in order that the offering may be more perfect. Do not let us, in "our house" at least, forget the end in the means, or subordinate the greater to the less, by making the points of household doctrine, order, cleanliness, regularity, all important, and put out of sight the comfort, the health, the happiness of the family, for whom all these exist, and for whose benefit they were created.—*From "Our House," by Jennie June, in Demorest's Monthly for July.*

A SISTER'S LOVE.—There is something impressibly touching in a sister's love. Her heart is a realm of pure and earthly affection, and happy should that brother be to whom she clings through the changing scenes of the blighting world. She has been his companion in childhood, she watched the development of his mind and person, she has admonished him when wrong and smiled upon his triumphs, she has peopled his mind with the treasures of his own, she has taught him those virtues which will render him a useful member of society, prepare him for death and embalm his memory when he has passed away. Sooner can you bind the free wind than seal up the springs of such mysterious affections. They will flow on, and the desert and cave cannot forget their progress. And as sorrow and misfortune strip from life its charms and dreams, there is one recollection that will come like music to a brother's heart—that will thrill upon its darkened and troubled depths with a strange yet sweet melody, and bring up scenes of home and childhood, long unremembered. It is the recollection of a sister's love.

"SOCIAL RIGHTS BILL."—The Baltimore *Gazette* declares: "It is an abuse of words to call the measure which passed the Senate on Saturday, a 'Civil Rights Bill.' It is, in its essence, a 'Social Rights Bill.' Its purpose is to compel the white people of this country to recognize the equality of the blacks in all the relations of life, and to force the two races into close and intimate association, in hotels, public conveyances of all sorts, theatres, circuses, and beer gardens, common schools, colleges, and universities. In every place that may be open to white adults, and white children of both sexes, the blacks are to be thrust by law, and any violation of the law is to be doubly punished." We submit that the provisions of the bill, as enumerated by the *Gazette*, entitle it to be classed as a "Social Wrongs Bill," and that is just what it is.

The Yolo Democrat,

With Half-Sheet Supplement;

MAKING SIX PAGES EVERY WEEK.

Contains all County Official Advertisements.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Friday, June 26th, 1874.

STATE FAIR.—Our State Fair this year begins Monday, September 21st, and closes Saturday, September 26th.

SMALLPOX.—There are several cases of smallpox in the pest-house at San José, but none of them are expected to result fatally.

CHURCH CALAMITY.—At a festival of a Baptist Church at Syracuse, N. Y., on the 23d, the floor gave way with the weight of the crowd. Thirteen persons were killed and two hundred injured.

INDISPOSED.—That's us; and on this account the DEMOCRAT does not contain its usual variety this week. We trust our readers will make allowance, for though not clear down flat we do feel awful bad.

CHANGE OF NAME.—The neat little weekly paper published in Sacramento called the *Locomotive*, has changed its name to *The People's Champion*, with a very broad platform of principles which it proposes to advocate.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE.—We have received the third quarterly No. for 1874 of this ever welcome and spicy little magazine. Mr. Vick is now on this coast, and we trust is enjoying himself and gratifying his taste for the beautiful.

BIG TROT.—A great trotting race attended by 50,000 people took place at Fleetwood Park, New York, on the 25th, between "Goldsmith Maid" and "Judge Fullerton," for $8,500. The "Maid" won easily in three heats. Time—2:26, 2:27½, and 2:23.

J. A. STEWART & Co.—This is one of the largest and best dry goods houses in Sacramento, having a very extensive and varied stock to select from, and what is still more important can always be relied on for fair dealing. Read their card and note their locality.

THE RED HOUSE.—This is the name of one of the liveliest houses in Sacramento. Read their full column advertisement. The Red House is one of the largest stores in the city and contains a great variety of seasonable goods Mark down the number and call when you visit the city.

PARALYZED.—The Merced *Argus* of June 20th informs us that Mrs. Helen Marble, the talented soprano singer, was struck with paralysis a couple of weeks since. She was taken to the residence of C. B. Denio in Vallejo, and we are glad to learn is improving. Mrs. Marble has delighted a Woodland audience more than once with her exquisite singing.

MILLIKEN BROTHERS.—This wholesale Sacramento grocery house has a card which appears in this paper. From our acquaintance with the firm we know them to be strictly reliable and further that they do business entirely on the square. They wholesale goods just as cheaply as San Francisco houses, and our merchants can make a large saving on freight by purchasing of them.

INDIANA.—The Republican State Convention of Indiana renominated all the old officers a few days since, and wound up its proceedings by adopting a string of resolutions expressing entire confidence in the integrity of President Grant and the Republicans in Congress. A contemporary says the indications are that the Democracy will sweep the State, hence there was no contention for nominations.

THE PIONEERS' QUARTER-CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.—The seven Pioneer Associations of this State have made arrangements for celebrating the 25th anniversary of California's admission into the Union, in San Francisco, on the 9th of September. But to be a "Pioneer" one must have arrived in '49, while the State was not admitted till September '50. There are hundreds in the State who arrived after '49 and before the State's admission—*but they were not Pioneers.* Well, let them celebrate; but it strikes us it would be more consistent to celebrate for '49 instead of '50, unless they could admit to their associations all who arrived in California previous to its admission to the Union—the only real demarkation line. We protest for this reason, but presume the celebration will take place just the same.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.—A State Temperance Prohibition Convention was held in New York on the 23d at which "a preamble and resolutions were introduced which strongly condemned the action of both political parties and favored a separate political action on the part of the Prohibitionists. During the morning session Mrs. Gage, of Fayetteville, New York, made an address, and some discussion was had on woman suffrage. The general feeling of the Convention favored Mrs Gage's remarks. So it seems that Woman Suffrage and the Temperance movement are to go hand in hand. We don't believe the American people, not even the female portion of them, want woman suffrage, with comparatively very few exceptions. We will guarantee that if a canvas was made not one quarter of our women would favor it. And may not this, to some extent, account for the interest taken in the Local Option elections throughout this State. We like temperance in all things, but prohibition and Woman Suffrage we don't want to see established.

Compulsory Education.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I see published in some of the papers the law entitled the Compulsory Education Act passed at the last session of the Legislature. It is a new reform movement, at least it purports to be such, although the title of the Act would never indicate it. Reforms are seldom if ever accomplished by force and the infliction of penalties, in fact such means, in the experience of the world, have seldom if ever accomplished any good results or worked any permanent reform.

This Act seems to be a piece of legislation which has for its object and purpose the obliteration of all lines and distinctions between classes; although it does not affirmatively appear upon the face of the law; yet, beyond question, such was the result desired to be achieved.

There is a natural obligation, which impels a parent to educate his children, an obligation formed in nature, running through ages, and needs not the force of legislative enactment. As it stands, every line which distinguishes or marks the classes, is entirely obliterated.

There is nothing now under the law to prevent Negroes, Chinese, or Indians from entering the public schools. Indeed they are in duty bound to do so; in law bound to attend, or be subject to a penalty. Under this exalted, this humane piece of legislation, the three or four thousand Chinese children in this State have the right to attend the schools, and their parents, guardians, etc., are liable to a penalty if they do not send them. And those who are administering the law must give it full force and effect, and must employ teachers who are able to instruct them, in their own peculiar language, if they do not understand the English. It matters not what vices the heathen may have, he is compelled by legislativ enactment to be the companion and daily associate of the purest and best children of the land. In comes the heathen with all the vices of his country and people, with little or no virtue, whose very touch is contamination, steeped in degradation and moral deformity; yet by legislative enactment, the peer of the best children of this country.

Besides, this law smacks of despotism. It takes the child from the control of its parent or guardian, without his or her consent, and places it under the control of others, under the solemn enactment of the Legislature.

The State is dictating the course to be pursued by the parent, and robbing him of the right to control his own household and domestic affairs, leaving no discretion in him but to submit to a criminal prosecution for any omission on his part.

The law stands in open opposition to the principle of our government. It did not have its inception in broad republican views, but on the contrary was copied from a country which forces its young men to give seven years of their most active, vigorous manhood to the service of the State. It is these principles and this arbitrary power that is now depopulating the States which have adopted such despotic measures. The most arbitrary measures against immigration do not reach the tide, or remedy the evil. An enlightened free thinker will not brook these lashes of tyranny. I thought we boasted of a government that was an original, not an imitation of any of the established governments, but founded in the broad, exalted principles of human liberty, cemented by the strongest, purest ties, perpetuated by the wisest and most wholesome laws.

There are a few exceptions in this Education bill—one is, that the extremely poor are excepted from its provisions. It must have been a giant intellect that conceived that exception; there is a vein of benevolence and charity running through the exception which ought to arouse the sleeping charity of the world, and set in motion a principle which would revolutionize all the nationalities of earth. Why were the extremely poor excepted from its provisions? Was it because they were too poor to clothe their children decently, or was it because their exchequer would not permit of the payment of a fine in the event of a violation of the law? Most amazing humane principle!

Who were the supporters of this measure? Did our Representative support it or dodge it? Any information upon that question would be of interest to the public, and especially to your humble servant.

A READER OF THE DEMOCRAT.

If we are correctly informed he "dodged" the vote. Our Representative is one of the most artful dodger that ever went to the legislature.—ED.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—The San Francisco papers state that "Franklin S. Gwinn, of Knight's Landing, Yolo county, has filed his petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $5,000; assests about $3,500 worth of cattle, now in the hands of the Sheriff." This was doubtless caused by the death of Mr. Gwinn's partner, Wm. S. Long. They have been extensive operators in cattle and hogs for a number of years.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY.—The July number of this leading fashion magazine is received, filled to the brim with interesting reading, besides its usual monthly instructions on dress, health, etc. $3 a year. Address W. Jennings Demorest, 17 East Fourteenth street, New York.

WEATHER.—Cool, refreshing breezes have been the order during the past week—a godsend for the farmers, who are now busily engaged harvesting their wheat crop.

On the Back Track.

Our neighbor weakened considerably last week on the Temperance question, having, no doubt, from its radically changed tone, been remonstrated with. Now it is fairly trembling for fear it has gone too far and alienated the German population from its support. Read what it says this week at the commencement of a half-column article on the Turner Bund: "The meeting of the Turners of California in State Convention at Sacramento, on Monday morning, was an event which may be productive of much good. The Germans hold a very prominent power in our country, and are also very powerful in this State." Yes, and hence this change in tone referred to, notwithstanding the heretofore boasted independence of that paper. From the above quotation it is very evident that the *Mail* has weakened upon the Local Option question. Its article closed with another trembler, instigated by its first course, as follows: "We hope we shall hear of no threats of political ostracism, or of any unfriendly resolutions being promulgated to check the onward progress of a cause which may save to the world many a life, to society many a criminal, and to the people much treasure." And now that the action of the Turn Bund has transpired, and its objects and principles are known we shall see how the *Mail* will show its boasted independence. The resolutions promulgated do make "threats of political ostracism," and consequently we predict the aforesaid *independent* paper will back square down from its radical position on the temperance question. You know, reader, that the Germans claim to hold the balance of power in this county. And that's what's the matter.

New Advertisements.

For School District Collector.

E. BERG

Announces himself as a candidate for Collector of Woodland School District, at the election on SATURDAY, June 27th. je26-1t

Immense Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods!

—AT—

J. A. STEWART & CO'S.,

For the Next 60 Days!

☞ Don't fail to call and see the Bargains now being offered by us.

Heavy Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, yard wide, 10 to 12 cents per yd.

White Rock and Lonsdale Muslin, yd wide, 12½ cents per yard.

Beautiful Grenadines, from 12½ to 25 cents per yard.

Immense Stock of

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

In All the New Styles, at Prices to Suit Everybody.

☞ The Largest Stock of Parasols, Kid Gloves, Lace Shawls and Lace Sacques, Hosiery, etc., in Sacramento, and sold 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than any other House. Ladies' Ready-made Underwear manufactured especially for us in New York.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST UNDERWEAR

In the State, found only at

J. A. STEWART & CO'S.

☞ **We Never Humbug People**

By selling some leading article below cost, intending to make up on something else, or advertise something we have not got, at half-price, and then tell our customers we are just out. But we endeavor to do a Fair and Legitimate Business, and

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION IN ALL CASES.

Call and Examine our Goods and Prices,

And if we do not convince you that we are selling GOOD GOODS at the Very Lowest Prices, we will not ask you to buy.

Don't Mistake the Place—

S. E. Cor. Eighth and J Streets,

SACRAMENTO,

J. A. Stewart & Co.

je26-3m

MILLIKEN BROS.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Groceries, China Goods, Teas,

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,

Nos. 60 and 62 K Street, cor. 3d,

SACRAMENTO,

☞ SOLE AGENTS FOR

William H. Hart's celebrated "Snow Flake."
S. Vanderhoff's "Daybreak."
Applegate's "Star."
Old Bourbon Whiskies;

AND ON SALE

W. A. Gaines' "Old Crow," and "Hermitage," Bourbon and Rye, and Cutter's "O. K." Whiskies.

Fine Old Hennessy, Otard, Dupuy and Co., Sazerac, Marett, and other Brandies.

Port, Sherry and other Wines. Ales and Porter. je26-

Probate Notice.

Estate of Chas. H. Gray, deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF YOLO County, California. Pursuant to an Order of the Probate Court of the County of Yolo, State of California, made and entered on the 25th day of June, 1874, Notice is hereby given that SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of JULY, 1874, at Ten o'clock A.M. of said day, at the Court House in Woodland, Yolo County, has been appointed a time and place for hearing any objections to the report of the Appraisers of the Homestead of JOSEPHINE D. GRAY, Widow of CHARLES H. GRAY, deceased, filed in said Court on the 25th day of June, 1874, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, June 26th, 1874.

Attest:
[SEAL] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

je26-3t

Water!! Water!!!

Having Leased the

MOORE WATER DITCH

For the ensuing season, and placed it in thorough repair, I am now ready to supply those wanting water at the same rates as heretofore, viz: $4 per foot. Apply at my residence in Woodland.

je26 1m **J. E. CARD.**

New Advertisements.

Summer Opening.

☞ **WAR** ☜

AMONG THE

DRY GOORS DEALERS!

SINCE FEBRUARY 2,

OPENING DAY OF THE

Red House!

WHICH CAUSED THE

PRICES OF DRY GOODS

—AND—

MEN'S WEAR

—TO BE—

Reduced at Least 50 per cent.

Often we are asked why Goods have fallen so much. We answer: Because the

RED HOUSE

Does not wish to make their 100 per cent. profit on their

Dry Goods, Calicoes, Muslins,

ETC., ETC.,

Although Goods in the San Francisco market are just as high, and higher, than they were February 22, when Calicoes were selling here for 12½ cents per yard.

☞ See what the

RED HOUSE

Has done for the Working Class of People—those who know the value of a dollar. We will soon be able to sell Calicoes, 14 yards for $1. See how the

RED HOUSE

has brought the prices down, and will have them still lower if they will only follow us along.

See Price List of Goods

MARKED IN RED LETTERS,

—AT—

THE RED HOUSE,

No. 198 J Street,

BET. SEVENTH AND EIGHTH,

SACRAMENTO,

CAL.,

Pure Linen Towels, $1.25 per dozen.

12 and 13 yards Cochico Prints for $1, Extra Quality.

8 yards Lonsdale Muslin, $1.00.

8 yards White Rock Muslin, $1.

10 yds Seven-Eighths Muslin, $1.

10 yds Heavy Brown Muslin, $1.

Plain and Plaid Woolen Flannels, 25 cents per yard

Cloths and Tweeds, from 25@87½c per yard

8 yards Bleached or Brown Canton Flannel for $1

Job lot of Heavy Domestic Ginghams, 12½c per yard; worth 25c

Job lot of Nottingham Lace, 25, 30 and 37½c per yard; worth double

Children's Handkerchiefs, 75c per dozen

Double-width Table Linen, 25, 37½ and 50c per yard

Ladies Chemises and Night-gowns, only 50 and 75c each

Ladies' and Children's all Wool Capes, only 50c; worth $1.50

Job lots 25 yards Heavy Crash for $1.75; worth $3

Infants' Robes, $1.50 each; worth $3.50

Job lot of Jaconet Embroideries and Lace Edgings

Heavy Felt Balmoral Skirts, only $1.25; worth $3.

Summer Balmoral Skirts, only 50c; worth $1

Feather Dusters, 25c each

11-4 Honey-comb Quilts, $1.50; Marseilles Quilts, $2

10-4 Honey-comb Quilts, $1

Ladies' Shawls, plain and plaid, all wool, $1.50; cheaper than anybody's

—ALSO,—

We have a large variety of other Goods, too numerous to mention, at equally low prices.

N.B.—We would particularly call your attention to our stock of

Men's and Youth's Wear,

With a variety of other articles.

Men's all wool extra size San Francisco Plaid Overshirts, $1.75 and $2

Men's Heavy and Fine Cassimere Overshirts, $1.75; worth $2.50

Men's San Francisco Gray Overshirts, $1.50 each

Men's Plain and Tweed extra size Overshirts, 75 cents; worth $1.50

Fine Undershirts and Drawers, 50 cents each

All wool Shaker Socks, 3 pair for 90 cents

English Cotton Socks, 25 cents per pair

Merino Socks, three pair for 50 cents

Germantown Socks, five pair for 50 cents

And we have Socks as low as 60 cents per doz.

Double-stitched Duck Pants, Overalls and Jumpers, 75 cents each

Cottonade, Tweed and Satinet Pants for $1.25; all wool Pants, $3.50

Beaver Coats, $3.50; worth $7.50

Scotch Tweed Coats for $5; worth $10

Ladies' and Children's Calf San Francisco-made Shoes, $1.25 and $1.50

☞ BIG DRIVE, ENGLISH OIL-CLOTH, 60 cents per yard; worth $1.12½

☞ AMERICAN OIL-CLOTH, 35 cents per yard; worth 75 cents

☞ OUR BIGGEST DRIVE IS OUR ARMY COATS. We have 1,000 of them, and are asking only $2. They are well worth double the money, for any purpose.

English Wall Paper, 7½ cents per roll

The Old Brown Windsor Soap, 6 cakes, 25 cents

—ALSO,—

We have Door-rugs, Mats, etc., and a full line of Trunks, Valises, Carpet-bags; and we have White Blankets as low as $2.50

All kinds of Tobacco, Chewing and Smoking.

☞ We represent ourselves as being the WORKINGMAN'S FRIEND. We buy all of our Goods at Auction, for cash, and will guarantee them to be just as good as though they were bought in the regular way. Only our way we are the gainer; the seller the loser.

We sign ourselves, as the Importers all the way from the Auction Rooms of San Francisco to the RED HOUSE of Sacramento,

Yours Respectfully,

RED HOUSE.

N.B.—We shall be open on the Fourth of July with extra help of Clerks to accommodate the Country People. je25

New Advertisements.

J. I. EATON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

Groceries and Provisions.

—ALSO,—

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bought and Sold at Reasonable Prices.

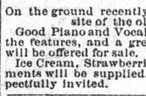
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

COR. MAIN AND THIRD STREETS,

Opp. the Masonic Hall,

WOODLAND, June 19, 1874. je26-3m

MARCUS C. HAWLEY & CO.,



COR. J. & SECOND STREETS,

SACRAMENTO,

Agricultural Implements,

MACHINES

—AND—

HARDWARE.

☞ SOLE AGENTS for

SCHUTTLER WAGONS!

Thimble Skein and Iron Axle, the best Farm Wagon sold in the State of California, warranted for one year.

WOOD'S MOWERS,

HAINES' HEADERS,

TAYLOR RAKES,

BARNES' RAKES,

GAARSCOTT & CO'S ENGINES,

GOLD MEDAL SEPARATORS,

VIBRATOR THRESHERS,

PITT'S HORSE-POWERS,

SWEEPSTAKE SEPARATORS,

FANNING MILLS,

PLOWS, HARROWS, SEED SOWERS, CULTIVATORS, FORKS, HOES, RAKES, ROPE, Nails, Shovels, Axes, Wire, Etc., Etc., Etc.

☞ We invite the Farmers of Yolo County to come and see us, as we will sell them the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices

Of any house in Sacramento. je26-3m

LADIES' FAIR!

The Ladies of the Catholic Church of Woodland will give a

CHURCH FESTIVAL

—IN—

WASHINGTON HALL,

TO COMMENCE

June 25th, and Continue Three Days,

IN AID OF THE BUILDING FUND,

In the hope of being able to erect a

NEW CHURCH EDIFICE

On the ground recently purchased, near the site of the old Church.

Good Piano and Vocal Music will be among the features, and a great variety of articles will be offered for sale.

Ice Cream, Strawberries and other refreshments will be supplied. The public are respectfully invited. my25-td

Don't buy Eastern Wagons

When you can

BUY CALIFORNIA-MADE

CHEAPER THAN IMPORTED.

The undersigned has for sale

100 Carriages,

BUGGIES,

Farm & Spring Wagons,

ALL MANUFACTURED

BY YOLO COUNTY MECHANICS!

FROM THE BEST MATERIALS,

—AND—

Warranted.

☞ If anything about them proves defective it will be repaired without expense to the purchaser.

TERMS—Cash, or time at low rates of interest. Apply to

GEO. D. FISKE & CO.,

P. O. BUILDING, WOODLAND.

P.S.—Examine before purchasing elsewhere. my15-1m

WOODLAND AGENCY

—OF—

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

CASH CAPITAL.....$3,000,000.
ASSETS, Market Value.....5,845,802.

ALSO, OF

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN,

CASH CAPITAL.....$1,000,000.
ASSETS, Market Value, over.....2,500,000.

OFFICE AT

Simpson's Drug Store,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

☞ RISKS TAKEN AT CURRENT RATES.

J. L. SIMPSON, Agent.

my22-3m

HEADER FOR SALE.

A good second-hand Header can be had on reasonable terms by applying soon at the Woodland Market. je5

LARGE

Credit Sale

For 90 Days

AT THE

White House

A. ALEXANDER,

—DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, ETC.,

Sells First-Class Goods

—AT—

BOTTOM PRICES!

—AND WILL—

DUPLICATE

Any bill sold by any other house in my line and Discount it

Five per cent. on Time, or Eight per cent. for Cash.

A. ALEXANDER,

White House,

je12 WOODLAND.

H. WACHHORST,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,

BET. THIRD AND FOURTH,

Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine Sterling Silverware.

Ornamented and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY. My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS. An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Rings.

CHAINS. Opera, Neck Opera Guard, Chatelain, and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs, (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country at factory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

JEALERS In these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best workmen and warranted.

My customers enjoy this advantage, I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.

je20-3m

M. W. THOMAS,

GENERAL COLLECTING

—AND—

INSURANCE AGENT

OFFICE:

At Reindollar's Drug Store,

WOODLAND, CAL.

Having been for several months past successfully engaged in the above lines of business, I have determined to continue the same permanently. Prompt attention given to collecting Notes, Accounts, etc.

Fire and Life Insurance

Policies issued in reliable companies at reasonable rates.

Business attended to with dispatch in town or country.

☞ Orders left at the Store will receive immediate attention.

WOODLAND, November 5th, 1873. my7-3m2p

Boot & Shoe Store

L. KAMINSKY & CO., Proprietors.

For the Latest Styles, Best Assortment and Lowest Prices!

—OF—

BOOTS & SHOES

CALL AT THE

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

Ordinary Repairing to All Our Goods Free of Charge.

We Call Particular Attention to our Own Made Boots and Shoes.

my27-3m

Real Estate! Real Estate!

SELL YOUR LANDS THROUGH

ALVA UDELL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

LANDS, GRAIN, WOOL AND FAT STOCK,

Office: Opposite Capital Hotel, Woodland. tf-ap3

Notice to Contractors!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of Trustees of Cache Creek School District until JULY THIRD, 1874, at Two o'clock P.M., for the Building of a new Schoolhouse in said District. Plans and Specifications can be seen at W. H. Lusk's, four miles West of Woodland, after Saturday, June 26th, 1874.

Bonds in double the amount of the contract price to accompany the bids.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. H. LUSK,
je19-2w Clerk of the Board of Trustees.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the CALIFORNIA PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of San Francisco, on WEDNESDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JULY, 1874.

E. H. MILLER, Jr.,
je19-td Secretary.

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District, State of California, County of Yolo.

DAVID N. HERSHEY, Plaintiff, against J. L. and WM. WILKERSON, Defendants.

The People of the State of California send greeting to J. L. WILKERSON and WM. WILKERSON:

You are hereby summoned to appear and answer the complaint of DAVID N. HERSHEY in said Court filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county; if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the Fifth day of May, 1874, in said Court.

Said action is brought to recover judgment upon two promissory notes executed by defendants herein to Plaintiff, amounting to the sum of Fifteen hundred and fifteen dollars ($1,515) gold coin at this date and for costs of suit, and you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as directed, plaintiff will take judgment by default against you for the sum of Fifteen hundred and fifteen dollars ($1,515.

In testimony whereof, I, D. SCHINDLER, Clerk of the Sixth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at office in Woodland, this Fifth day of May, A.D. 1874.

[L.S.] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.

Attest: A true copy. ap24-2m

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN pursuance of the order of the Probate Court of the County of Yolo, in the State of California, made on the Ninth day of June, A.D. 1874, in the matter of the Estate of JAMES GRIFFIN, deceased, the undersigned Administratrix of said Estate will sell at private sale on or after the ELEVENTH DAY OF JULY, A.D. 1874, at the residence of said Administratrix on the land, at which place bids or offers to purchase will be received up to the date of sale, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said decedent at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired other than or in addition to that of the said deceased at the time of his death, in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the said County of Yolo, and described as follows, to wit: "Beginning at a point 40 chains west from the southeast corner of section 20, township 8 north of range 4 east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, running thence north 28° 30', west 31 63-100ths chains; thence north 63° 50', east 44 53-100ths chains; thence south 14°, east 36 80-100ths chains, to the Sacramento River bank; thence south 76°, west 16 chains; thence south 63° 13', west 19 50-100ths chains; thence north 28° 30', west 2 chains, to the place of beginning, containing 141 87-100ths acres, being Swamp Land Survey No. 358 of Yolo County, California."

Terms of Sale, cash in gold coin.

ANN E. GRIFFIN, Administratrix.
J. C. BALL, Attorney. je19-3t

Administrator's Sale.

Estate of John Taylor, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to an order of the Probate Court of Yolo County, California, duly made and entered on the 9th day of June, A.D. 1874, I, G. M. Lowrey, Administrator of the Estate of JOHN TAYLOR, deceased, will sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the real estate of said deceased situated in said Yolo Co., and described as follows, to-wit: "The south half (½) of the southeast quarter (¼) and the south half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section five (5), in township seven (7) north, of range three (3) east, containing one hundred and sixty acres, and the southeast quarter (¼) of section eight (8), in township seven (7) north, range three (3) east, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres."

Terms of Sale.—Twenty-five per cent. of purchase price to be paid on day of sale, the remainder upon confirmation of such sale by the said Probate Court. Said sale will be held upon the above described premises on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-NINTH day of JULY, 1874, at 1 o'clock P.M. of that day.

je12-4t G. M. LOWREY, Administrator.

Assessment Notice.

TIDE LAND RECLAMATION COMPANY: Location of Works, in the Counties of Sacramento, Yolo and San Joaquin, State of California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at a meeting of the Trustees of said Company, held on the Sixth day of June, 1874, an Assessment of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per share was levied upon the Capital Stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States Gold Coin, to the Secretary of said Company, at the office of said Company, Room No. 9, No. 411½ California Street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which said Assessment shall remain unpaid on MONDAY, the THIRTEENTH day of JULY, 1874, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, the FOURTH day of AUGUST, 1874, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

B. B. MINOR, Secretary.

Office, Room No. 9, No. 411½ California Street, San Francisco, California. je19-td

Merritt Island Reclamation District, No. 150.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL land owners in said District that the Commissioners have this day filed in my office an ASSESSMENT LIST of lands of the District in Yolo County, showing the names of owners, the tracts of land assessed, the acres in each tract, the rate of assessment, and the amount due from each owner.

The said list will remain in my office for THIRTY DAYS from the date of the filing, and during that time any person assessed can pay the amount to me without cost. But if at the end of the said thirty days, all of said tax has not been paid, the said list will be returned to the District Attorney, who will proceed against all delinquents in the same manner as provided by law for the collection of State and County taxes. A. C. KEAN,

County Treasurer.

Woodland, May 25th, 1874. my23-5t

Probate Notice.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Yolo. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of W. S. LONG, deceased.

Notice for publication of time appointed for proving Will, etc.

Pursuant to an order of said Court, made on the Seventeenth day of June, A.D. 1874, notice is hereby given that FRIDAY, the TENTH day of JULY, A.D. 1874, at One o'clock P.M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Woodland, in the County of Yolo, has been appointed as the time and place for proving the Will of said W. S. LONG, deceased, and for hearing the application of JOSEPH A. LONG and JOHN COOMBE, for the issuance to them of letters testamentary when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, June 17th, 1874.

je19-3t D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Yolo. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of I. S. CHILES, Deceased.

Notice for publication of time appointed for proving Will, etc.

Pursuant to an order of said Court, made on the Seventeenth day of June, A.D. 1874, notice is hereby given that SATURDAY, the ELEVENTH day of JULY, A.D. 1874, at One o'clock P.M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Woodland, in the County of Yolo, have been appointed as the time and place for proving the Will of said I. S. CHILES, deceased, and for hearing the application of JAMES CONDON and BRIDGETT CHILES for the issuance to them of Letters Testamentary, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, June 17th, 1874.

je19-3t D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Yolo county, and Supervisor-Chairman and Road Commissioner Johnson, of Solano county, until JULY 13th, 1874, at 2 P.M., for the construction of two bridges on the township line between Yolo and Solano counties, five miles southeast of Davisville. Bids to be by the running foot. Plans and specifications may be seen at Terrill & Williams' store, Davisville, Yolo county. All bids to be for gold coin. Bonds in double the amount of the contract price to accompany bids. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.

June 18th, 1874. je19 1d

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, until JULY FIRST, 1874, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., for the construction of a Bridge across Willow Slough, near Kirkham's. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Clerk's office, in Woodland. Bids to be for warrants drawn on the Contingent Fund. Bonds in double the amount of the contract price to accompany bids. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk,
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.

je12-1d

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, June 26th, 1874.

Agents for the Yolo Democrat.

THOMAS BOYCE, L. P. FISHER, BEAN & Co., and W. D. LAKE are authorized agents of this paper at San Francisco.

GEORGE P. ROWELL & Co., 41 Park Row, are our authorized agents in New York.

LOCAL AGENTS:

D. B. GOODE.....Agent at Large.
J. J. AMMONS.....do do
M. W. THOMAS.....do do
R. R. DARBY.....Cottonwood.
HARLING, WELCH & Co.....Buckeye.
J. W. SNOWBALL.....Knight's Landing.
A. J. HALL.....Cacheville.
JUDGE J. ONEAL.....Davisville.
W. M. GREEN.....Washington.

Town and County Matters

STAR (*) NOTICES in the local column will hereafter be charged 10 cents a line for the first, and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion.

Subscriptions

To the Building Fund of the new Catholic Church:

LEGAL NOTES OF HAND.

M. J. S. McWilliams	$100.00
Mrs. Caroline Howard	50.00
James Stanton	40.00
Geo. C. St. Louis	100.00
Mrs. Ann Lynch	50.00
Thos. Pierce	50.00
Mrs. Mary Green	20.00
Andrew Hargan	25.00
John Quilty	10.00
J. M. DeChene	50.00
P. J. McGrath	20.00
Thomas Hayes	10.00
IN CASH.	
Thos. McHenry	$10.00
Patrick Griffin	10.00
Patrick Quinn	20.00
Mr. Mosacker	50.00
Miss Tolley	5.00
SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE ON DEMAND.	
Sheriff Carey Barney	$100.00
John Tackney	100.00
Edward St. Louis	75.00
Chas. St. Louis	75.00
Riordan Brothers	40.00
Mr. Tandy	10.00
Mr. Hoffman	20.00
Mr. Mosacker	50.00
Three Brothers	60.00
J. C. Ball	50.00
Joseph Kinkade	100.00
Patrick Deverey	5.00
Edward Hayes	20.00
Cormick Hughes	10.00
Messrs. Bynum & Co	50.00
Mr. F. S. Freeman	50.00
Mr. Finstere	25.00
Mr. Labuxiere	10.00
Dr. Paramore	25.00
Mr. Maltby	20.00
Mr. F. M. Brown	5.00
Total	$1,920.00

REV. FATHER KAISER HARD AT WORK AND SUCCESSFUL.—As we foretold, Father Kaiser is *the* man for this place to build a Catholic Church. His lecture on St. Peter and his successors, the Popes of Rome, cannot be reviewed at this time. We intend to do so when he has finished his course of lectures on this subject; the only thing we can say is that he is an interesting speaker who very much attracts our citizens. From the list of subscribers one may infer that he is at present working hard and successfully among the people of Woodland. We wish him further and final success. See the additions to the list of subscribers towards the Catholic Church building fund.

DENIES.—The *Mail* says that Freeman did'nt dodge the vote upon the Local Option Bill. He did dodge until reined up to it and almost compelled to vote, thus showing his reluctance. Will the *Mail* tell its German friends (for whose votes it is beginning to tremble) *how* he voted on that measure, and tell the truth by admitting that he purposely left town when the vote was taken here under that law?

ANOTHER RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.—Mr. A. S. House, proprietor of the Capital Hotel, was thrown from a wagon near the County Hospital and received a severe stunning and some very bad bruises on the face and head. One of the horses was a colt he was breaking. We are glad to be able to state that he is improving and will probably be about again in a few days.

ANOTHER CHURCH.—And now come the Baptists with a determination to erect a new church edifice. They evidently mean business, too, for they have purchased a lot 100x100 feet on First Street, below the mill. An organization has been effected and officers chosen. Elder Y. Witherspoon is pastor.

SCHOOL ELECTION.—E. Berg announces himself as a candidate for School District Collector at the election to take place on Saturday. John Pendegast is a candidate for reëlection as Assessor. J. C. Ball is candidate for Trustee; the *Mail's* candidate is Mrs. Chas. Coil.

BACK AGAIN.—Mr. J. G. Cole, who went East last spring, after having made a pretty thorough tour of the States, returned a few days since satisfied that this is the best part of the world he has yet found. We hope he will make Woodland has permanent home.

RACE.—The half-mile race at Brown's track on Saturday last was won by the horse "Prince," which took the second and third heats. Four horses started: Smith's "Dinah," Benham's "Buster," Parker's "Prince," and Barns' "Gib;" the latter took the first heat.

RETURNED.—D. Q. Adams, Esq., returned from a visit to the East on Monday last, looking well. A lady accompanied him, but we were assured was not Mrs. Adams. He also brought a cage of genuine Eastern mocking birds.

LIVELY TIMES AT THE GREAT SAN FRANCISCO AUCTION STORE.—Good bargains for everybody! Twelve yards of the very best brands of calico for one dollar; domestics, best brands, at 10½ cts. per yard.

GOSLINER & Co.

GERMAN PREACHING.—Rev. Mr. Krebs, of Marysville, will preach in German at Turn Verein Hall, on Sunday, the 28th instant, at 5 P.M., in place of Rev. M. Goethe.

PASTURAGE.—Those desiring pasture for stock can be accommodated on reasonable terms by applying to W. T. Hunt. je5-4w*

THE AMERICAN SARDINE CO.'s Boneless Sardines, are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

Organization of the Library Association.

At a meeting of the ladies held Monday, June 22d, the following rules and regulations were adopted:

SECTION 1. This organization shall be known as the "Woodland Library Association."

SEC. 2. The object shall be to furnish a free reading room to the citizens of Woodland, and the privilege of taking reading matter home to members of the Association.

SEC. 3. The affairs of the Association shall be managed by a Board of seven Directors, who shall elect a President and Secretary from their number. The Secretary shall act as Treasurer.

SEC. 4. The Directors shall be elected by the members of the Association to hold office six months.

SEC. 5. The Directors shall meet once a month to transact business.

SEC. 6. Special meetings may be called by the President or a majority of the Directors.

SEC. 7. Meetings of this Association for the election of Directors shall be held the third Monday in June and the third Monday in December.

SEC. 8. The fee for admittance to membership shall be one dollar in advance.

SEC. 9. The fee for life membership shall be twenty dollars in advance.

SEC. 10. Each member, except life members, shall pay fifty cents monthly in advance, or one dollar quarterly in advance.

SEC. 11. These rules may be amended by a two-thirds vote of the members present at any regular or called meeting.

A Sister's Death.

[Written for the Yolo Democrat.]

Sister, 'tis a trying thought
To think that you are gone,
Although you are in Heaven
With your Angel plumage on.

It seems quite hard that one so young,
So lovely and so good,
Should from this earth be called away,
But 'twas Heaven's will you should.

Your life was short, your cares soon o'er,
Your troubles soon did cease,
And now you'll dwell for evermore,
In a land of love and peace.

Your memory still is dear to us,
As still on earth we plod,
We hope 'ere long to meet you there
Around the Throne of God.

But God knows best; and this we'll find,
If Him we always trust,
For on the Resurrection Day,
We'll be placed among the just. A. M.

BALL AT LANGVILLE.—Posters have been issued announcing a grand Fourth of July Ball at Langville, to which the public are invited. As Woodland has failed to make a move for celebrating, doubtless many of her citizens will go there to celebrate. Wood & Simpson's Band of six pieces will furnish the music.

CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.—A great reduction in prices of dry goods has been made at A. Nickelsburg & Bros., as follows: Grass cloth, 15 cts. per yard; iron grenadine, 15 cts; 10-qr bleached sheeting, 35 cts; 9-qr do, 30 cts.; excellent muslin, 12½ cts.; French lawns 12½ cts., and everything else in proportion.

LECTURE AT KNIGHT'S LANDING.—Rev. Father Kaiser, of Woodland, will lecture in the Catholic Church, at Knight's Landing, next Sunday, June 28th, at 8 P.M. No charge for admission, and all are cordially invited.

CHURCH FESTIVAL.—The festival for the benefit of the Catholic Church building fund, which commenced last evening, was well attended. It will continue over to-day and to-morrow.

RECOVERING.—Marshall Kelley, son of Hon. J. M. Kelley, who was so seriously injured by being thrown from a wagon last week, is rapidly improving. He had a very narrow escape.

CELEBRATION AT DAVISVILLE.—Our Davisville neighbors have concluded to celebrate on the Fourth. As the cars run so conviently probably some of our citizens will be there.

AN INVITATION.—Don't fail to read Hawley & Co's advertisement, and note the invitation extended to the farmers of Yolo county.

HORSE FOR SALE.—A good horse for all work for sale. Inquire at this office. 1m*29

A GIANT ENTERPRISE.—A company has been formed, composed of citizens of this county, for the purpose of bringing lumber from the Sierra Nevada to this point. A saw-mill with a capacity of dressing 30,000 feet of lumber per day, or 50,000 feet every twenty-four hours has been established at the headquarters of the Fresno River, and what is probably the finest timber region in the State, from which a V shaped flume is now in process of construction to a point between Borden and Beranda stations—a distance of some fifty-five miles. There is now engaged on the flume a working force of thirty-five men, which will be increased as fast as men can be obtained. It is estimated that 7,000,000 feet of lumber will be used in the construction of this flume, at a cost of $1,600 per mile. Merced is to be the principal place of business.—*Merced Tribune, June 20th.*

THIS old and well-known remedy has acquired a world-wide renown for the cure of sudden colds, coughs, etc., weak stomach, general debility, nursing, sore mouth, cankered mouth or throat, liver complaint, dyspepsia or indigestion, cramp, pain in the stomach, bowel complaint, painters' colic, Asiatic cholera, diarrhœ, and dysentery. It has lost none of its good name by repeated trials, but continues to occupy a prominent position in every family medicine chest.

Sold by all druggists

FOR THE very best Photographs, go to Bradley and Rulofson's Gallery with an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

BORN.

In Woodland, June 25th, to the wife of R. D. Cofer a Son.

In Woodland, June 25th, to the wife of J. W. Cofer, a Son.

DIED.

In Woodland, June 24th, Mary, wife of J. J. Cook, aged 60 years.

German American Convention.

[From the Sacramento Record, June 24th.]

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock the State Convention of the German Americans, held for the purpose of taking measures in opposition to the local option movement, met at Turner Hall, on K street. The meeting was quite large and very enthusiastic. The proceedings were all had in the German language.

ORGANIZATION.

The meeting was called to order by E. Niemeier, of San Francisco, President of the Turners' Union. Niemeier was elected President pro tem. C. Dold, of Sacramento, and W. Girzikowsky, of San Francisco, were elected Secretaries pro tem.

A Committee on Credentials was appointed. The members then passed their credentials to the Chairman.

This Committee on Permanent Organization was then appointed: A. Neuman, of San Francisco; F. X. Ebner, of Sacramento; D. Schindler, of Woodland, Hovitski, of Stockton, A. Mayrisch, of San Francisco.

The Convention then adjourned for half an hour. On reassembling the Committee on Credentials reported the persons entitled to seats in the Convention:

THE MEMBERS.

Alameda Stam No. 113, U. O. R. M., Oakland—Adam Kaole.

San Francisco Turn Verein—E. A. Denicke,—Green and S. Ruef.

Schweiter Bund, San Francisco—Mr. Ottomar.

Oakland Turn Verein—H. Shost, E. Muller.

Protective Association, Stockton—C. Wittkopf.

Auburn—George Kubner and G. F. Holli.

Santa Clara—Jacob Eberhardt, S. F. Abendpost, H. F. Lueksdorf and D. Klintworth.

Napa Turn Verein—P. Wolf and Ed. Heiss.

San Francisco Fusilier—H. Meyer and A. Mayrisch.

Apollo Verein, San Francisco—J. Wildermuth and J. Hoss.

Woodland, Yolo county—D. Schindler, L. Deitz, George Lewald and Otto Schluer.

Cottonwood—A. Hoffman.

Capay—H. Strohback.

Knight's Landing—J. Martin.

Davisville—J. Horning.

Prairie—T. Weyand.

Cacheville—A. Rose.

Dixon—Leopold Goetz, Valentine Hohman.

Nevada City—George Smittburg.

League of Freedom—J. Sieber.

Mokelumne Hill—George Leger.

Eureka Turn Verein, San Francisco—J. B. Golly, W. Zimmerman and Ed. Neuman.

San Jose Turn Verein—F. Buenemann and J. Cæsar.

Sacramento, First Ward,—J. Schneider, J. Strutz, J. Waugenheim, O. Ewers and K. F. Wiemeyer. Second Ward—Chris. Heinrich, L. Elkus, Ph. Scheld, A. Klebitz and B. Kozminsky. Third Ward—J. H. Groth, Th. Lohse, Chris. York, F. Ebner and L. Nicolaus. Fourth Ward—C. Gruhler, C. Weisel, A. Ackerman, G. Bronner and J. Knauth,. City at large—C. J. Bachman, Ch. Dold, William Kleinsorge Professor Ch. Winter, F. Heilborn, J. Belimer, F. Baehr.

Stockton Turn Verein—C. Wittkoff, M. Howinski.

San Francisco Schutzen Verein—J. B. Reinhard, Captain John Wulzen, C. Hildebrand.

Teutonia, San Francisco—J. B. Westerfield, W Crocker.

Verein Eintracht—J. H. Jansen.

Personal Liberty League—Captain George Cantus, R. Neuenschwander, W. Girzikowsky.

Saloon Wirshchaft Association, San Francisco—E. Senabel, H Habermehl, P. Siebenthale.

Jackson, Amador county—P. H. Siebuthaler.

Los Angeles Turn Verein—M Lichtenstein.

San Francisco Mannerchor—W. Muhler, Chas Degen,—Helgoth.

Marysville Turn Verein—Joseph A. Fischer, Thomas Strohm, J. Zwicker.

Many delegates arrived yesterday afternoon too late to take part in the proceedings of the convention.

Dispatches were received expressing regrets that it was impossible for the authors to attend, and expressing sympathy with the movement.

PERMANENT OFFICERS.

The Committee on Permanant Organization recommended the following as the permanant officers, and they were unanimously elected: President, Edward Neuman, of San Francisco; Vice Presidents, D. Schindler, of Woodland, and Captain J. Wolzen, of San Francisco: Secretaries, Charles Heinrich, of Sacramento, and William Girzikowsky, of San Francisco; Treasurer, C. Weisel, of Sacramento.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

These were appointed a Committee on Resolutions: C. Denicke, of San Francisco; D. Klintworth, of San Francisco; C. Wittkoff, of Stockton; K. F. Wiemeyer, of Sacramento; W. Zimmerman, E. Niemeier and J. B. Golly, of San Francisco; C. Dold, of Sacramento, C. Schnable, of San Francisco.

The Convention then adjourned until 2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at half-past 2 o'clock P. M. The Committee on Resolutions presented the following, which were read and adopted by sections by the Convention:

We, pursuant to a call of the Pacific Turnbezisk' in State Convention assembled, German-American citizens of the State of California, declare as follows:

First—We observe with regret that in certain parts of our country an attempt is made by class a of citizens to infringe upon our personal liberty, which is guaranteed to every citizen by the Feeeral Constitution, and especially do we see such an infringement in the Local Option law, as passed by our Legislature.

Second—Said law, which does not forbid the use of spiritous beverages, but aims at the suppression of all drinking saloons, is founded upon the opinion that drinking saloons owe their existence to the gratification of a desire and a habit to drink, and thus being an opportunity begetting said desire and fostering said habit, are a public nuisance. This is an erroneous view; drinking saloons exist to supply a social and commercial want, which at least demands a fair consideration, and they cannot be suppressed, if suppressed at all, without great injury to the social and commercial interests. We approve and desire earnestly, in the interest of public morals, to limit said opportunities to reasonable bounds by the issuance of licenses to respectable persons, and by a strict supervision over them by the civil authorities, to prevent them from overstepping their proper and legitimate sphere.

Third—A total suppression of the saloons would prove to be detrimental to the social and commercial intercourse between citizens, in a manner which seems not to have been duly considered by the friends of the Local Option law. The national loss consequent upon laming the commercial intercourse for the destruction of an institution founded on the demands of the times, and the injury to public virtue by the introduction of less desirable substitutes, would produce a reaction in our social and commercial life as much to be deplored as the evils intended be remedied by a suppression of the drinking saloons.

Fourth—The agitation in the manner as carried on by the friends of Local Option demands especially a decided condemnation from German-American citizens of our State. Said agitation is especially directed in word and letter against the German-Americans, as foreigners who have unconditionally to submit to the customs of these agitators, and if they protest are given to understand that "the sooner they leave their adopted country the better." Such language, as used toward naturalized and the native born citizens of German descent, toward the thousands of well behaved citizens whose patriotism, industry, love of order and other public virtues have in the main never been questioned nor received reproach, is unjustifiable in the extreme, and for the sake of future harmony and friendly intercourse in the community deserves censure and rebuke. It is, further, our firm conviction that the participation of women in political agitation, and especially in the manner in which they conduct it, shows a deplorable want of true womanhood, and a dangerous pressure on the free exercise of citizenship, that will work demoralization in the family and in the exercise of an independent judgement, the foundation on which rests our republican institutions.

Fifth—We hold that the Local Option law contains an infringement on personal liberty and on the inalienable personal rights, and is contrary to the spirit of our Constitution and not in accordance with true manly honor, and should not be permitted to exist. If such a law, and such moral police supervision, should be deemed necessary, then let it operate on the individual who, as a drunkard, has become a public nuisance; but let it not affect the whole community, which would be a disgrace to the dignity of an American citizen.

Sixth.—The Local Option law of our State contains a shameful discrimination in favor of the wealthy as against the poor, as it forbids the purchas and sale of spiritous liquors in less quantities than five gallons; therefore be it.

Resolved, 1. That we effect a permanent organization for the purpose of uniting all citizens holding views in common with us to effectually defend our inalienable rights.

2. That we will employ all lawful means to attain this end; and especially do we bind ourselves not to support a candidate for a public office who has not previously given his pledge in writing that he will advocate our cause.

3. That we will work in our Legislature for a speedy repeal of said local option law.

4. That we will exert ourselves to restrain the prevailing intemperance in the use of spiritous liquors by promoting the cause of general education and fostering manly firmness of the individual; and

5. That appropriate legal means be taken to suppress the adulteration of beverages and provisions, where needed, and that the same be strictly enforced.

A vote of thanks was tendered to those newspapers friendly to the cause espoused by the Convention. It was ordered that the resolutions passed by the Convention be printed in the English and German languages and distributed all over the State. A motion was made to appoint a State Central Committee whose head-quarters shall be in San Francisco. Adopted.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

A Committee of three were appointed consisting of K. F. Wiemeyer, F. Baehr and W. Zimmermann to select eleven delegates to compose that committee. They reported the following names, which were approved by the Convention: M. Lichtenstein, J. B. Golly, E. Denicke, E. Neuman, W. Girzikowsky, of San Francisco; W. Muhler, of Woodland; C. Weisel and C. Dold, of Sacramento; D. Schindler, of Woodland; G. Eberhardt, of Santa Clara; Schmittburg, of Nevada.

ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

After the adjournment of the Convention, the State Central Committee organized, with the following officers: E. A. Denicke, of San Francisco, President; D. Schindler, of Woodland, Vice-President; W. Girzikowsky, of San Francisco, Secretary; and J. B. Golly, of San Francisco, Treasurer.

The Maine Democratic State Convention.

PORTLAND (Me.), June 23.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day. Alonzo Garcelon was chosen permanent Chairman. The usual Committee were appointed, when Mr. Garcelon addressed the Convention, severely criticising the Republican party and claiming that the Democratic party is the great rock of safety for the country, for the equal rights of all men, a just administration of law, sound currency, and free trade of the world over, and for the abolition of a tariff for the benefit of the few against the rights of the many. He accused the Republican party of being conducted by scheming politicians, and he condemned the Prohibitory law as merely an instrument of partiality and profit to public officials and not a means of justice impartially administered for the public good. He cited with specific particulars the cities of Portland, Lewiston, Bangor, Agusta, Rock Island and other places as illustrations of his argument. He called upon Democrats to rally to the defense of the liberties and morals of the people and repeal the obnoxious laws. He said intemperance was increasing under the Prohibitory law, and in its stead should be enacted a stringent and imperative license law.

THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

The Convention nominated Jos. Titcomb for Governor, and adopted the following platform:

Resolved, That an influx or inflation of paper currency is among the first evils that can affect a community. It enables cunning, unscrupulous speculators to rob prodeucers of the fruits of their labor, and afflicts every reputable business with the perils of continual panic and disaster. We regard a currency based on specie redemption as the only one in which the business of the community can be safely trusted, and hold that we should as rapidly as possible approximate to such a circulating medium.

Resolved, That a protective tariff is a most unjust, unequal, oppressive and wasteful mode of raising the public revenues and that it is one of the most frequent and fearful causes of the corruptions of the Administration. We therefore, the Democrats of Maine assembled, declare for free trade and in favor of an unfettered and unrestricted commerce.

Resolved, That the recent action of the Republican majority in the United States Senate in attempting to revive the worst features of the sedition law of John Adams' administration, and to establish a censorship of the press of the country at the Federal Capitol, declares a purpose to silence all criticism of the conduct of public men, and demands the condemnation of every free man in the land.

Resolved, That the framers of our Constitution erected a system of Government, the corner stone of which was local control of local affairs, which for nearly a century held the States in the Union as harmoniously as the planets hold their places in the heavens; and it is among the greatest fruits of the Republican party that it has wantonly over-awed and prostrated the Governments of several of the States.

Resolved, That the civil service of the Government should be performed by those who are found to be best qualified; there is seen in the recent action of Congress on this subject the humiliating confession that the party in power cannot dispense with the prop afforded by public plunder.

AT THE

Ladies' Bazaar

THE BEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES

TO BE FOUND

In Woodland!

LADIES' BUTTON BOOTS!

CHILDREN'S

Button and Polish Boots

IN ALL COLORS AND SIZES.

OUR STOCK OF

BOYS BOOTS AND SHOES!

We will Sell at Cost!

As we wish to Close Out this line of Goods!

UNDERWEAR

—AND—

INFANTS' WARDROBES!

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' and Children's Hose!

EMBROIDERIES,

WORSTEDS,

CANVAS,

—AND—

A VARIETY OF

FANCY AND USEFUL ARTICLES!

STAMPING FOR EMBROIDERY.

Agents for Wheeler & Wilson's Machines.

Attachments and Needles for Sale.

my20-3m

Dissolution of Partnership

We beg leave to inform the public of Yolo County that we are about to dissolve partnership and to close out our stock of

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

HATS AND CAPS!

And also our EXTENSIVE STOCK of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

And in order to do so we offer goods

At Greatly Reduced Prices!

ALL WHO WANT TO GET

Good Bargains!

In the Clothing line will do well to

CALL EARLY!

We shall continue to keep on hand a

Full and Complete Stock

—OF—

DRESS GOODS

Introducing all the Novelties

—OF THE—

SPRING TRADE!

By confining our business to

Staple and Fancy Goods!

We believe we can give better satisfaction to our patrons than any other firm in Woodland. Thankful for past favors, we ask for a continuance of the same.

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.

P.S.—All persons indebted to us are requested to call and settle their old accounts without further notice.

WOODLAND, March 27th, 1874. my22-3m

Great Reduction!

AT THE GREAT

SAN FRANCISCO AUCTION STORE!

EXTRAORDINARILY LOW PRICES

AT THE GREAT

S. F. Auction Store.

The cheapest house in the State

—IS THE—

GREAT SAN FRANCISCO

AUCTION STORE

By strict attention to business, and fair dealing with all, we are doing the LEADING BUSINESS in

DRY GOODS!

CLOTHING!

HOSIERY, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

JEWELRY,

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE,

TOBACCO, and thousands of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Keeping a buyer constantly in San Francisco, well supplied with funds, buying extensively when the market is depressed, and alike ready to take advantage of any emergency such as forced Bankrupt or Sheriff sales, we are in this way enabled at all times to keep on hand a full and

LARGE STOCK!

At Prices Less than the Manufacturing Cost!

Goods well bought are half sold, and as we are only buying seasonable and desirable goods, we would strongly recommend you to to call at the

Great San Francisco Auction Store,

And satisfy yourself that the Cheapest House in Woodland is the great

S. F. AUCTION STORE,

—UNDER THE—

ODDFELLOWS' HALL,

Where the Red Flag can be seen by all.

ap24-3m L. GOSLINER & CO.

New Arrival

.....OF.....

DRY GOODS.

500 PIECES OF

The Best Selected Calicos

That ever was in this Town!

French Calicos!

Warranted Fast Colors and of the Neatest Patterns.

2,000 YARDS OF

IRON GRENADINE

In all imaginable styles,

Only 15c. per yard—worth 50c.

STRIPED AND LACE ORGANDIES,

Directly Imported from France.

STRIPED, FIG'D AND PLAIN

Nainsooks,

Lawns,

Bishop Lawns,

Victoria Lawns,

Mulled Swiss, Dress Linen

—AND—

GRASS CLOTH,

In all shades, and an endless variety of Novelties in

FANCY GOODS!

Besides a great many other articles—too numerous to mention.

☞ Now, as our stock is full in all departments, our patrons will do well to avail themselves of good selections.

Our Prices Defy All and Every Competition.

☞ *PLEASE GIVE US A CALL.*

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.,

my29tm OPP. COLLEGE, WOODLAND.

A. D. PORTER. T. B. PORTER.

PORTER & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS!

—AND—

Dealers in Produce Generally.

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

je6-3m

House for Sale—A Bargain.

Lot 66 by 190, Court street between Mill and Court House, all fenced with pickets, and good Barn on it. Also, a No. 1 seven-octave Boston PIANO for sale. Apply to

L. MACHEFERT, Jeweler, Main st. t.

ap3-tf

GEO. LEWALD & Co.,

(Successors to FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN)

—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE,

OILS, PAINTS

—AND—

WALL-PAPER!

☞ Goods Sold on Favorable Terms.

my1-3m

1840. 1874.

PAIN-KILLER,

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age!

Taken Internally, it Cures

Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhea, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally it Cures

Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, Etc., Etc.

PAIN-KILLER,

After a thorough trial by innumerable living witnesses, has proved itself THE MEDICINE OF THE AGE. It is an internal and external remedy. One positive proof of its efficacy is, that its sales have constantly increased, and wholly upon its own merits. The effect of the

Pain-Killer

upon the patient when taken internally, in case of Cold, Cough, Bowel Complaint, Cholera, Dysentery, and other afflictions of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medical preparations that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pain, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sores, Sprains, Cuts, Stings of Insects, and other causes of suffering, has secured for it such a host of testimony, as an infallible remedy, that it will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest medical discoveries of the nineteenth century.

The Pain-Killer

derives much of its popularity from the simplicity attending its use, which gives it a peculiar value in a family. The various diseases which may be reached by it, and in their incipient stages eradicated, are among those which are peculiarly fatal if suffered to run; but the curative magic of this preparation at once disarms them of their terrors. In all respects it fulfills the conditions of a popular medicine.

Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain-Killer, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts, 50 cts, and $1

PER BOTTLE.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

my29

Dr. Brenan.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN,

Physician, Surgeon,

AND LECTURER, late of Philadelphia, the fountain head of all medical science in this country, who has spent the last thirteen years in traveling through all the principal cities in Europe and the United States, giving lectures and treating some of the most complicated and long-standing diseases, has now permanently located himself in the city of San Francisco, at

127 Montgomery Street,

Opposite the Occidental Hotel entrance. Although DR. BRENAN may differ considerably in his practice from many members of the Profession, yet he is possessed of the highest credentials from the most learned and celebrated Medical Colleges in the country; and all who have attended his lectures bear witness to the clear and lucid manner in which he defines every portion of the human frame, giving the reasons for the various diseases which the tissues of the human body are subject to, and illustrating every portion of the human system by the simple aid of a black board, thereby proving himself to be thoroughly acquainted with the anatomy of the human configuration. On these lectures the press of all our large cities have showered the highest encomiums of praise; and DR. BRENAN has been also greatly complimented by the leading physicians of the day. He has devoted much of his time and research to the diseases of the nervous system and reproductive organs, and also to general and nervous debility. And for this purpose DR. BRENAN spent several years in Paris, where the best facility is offered for the thorough investigation of the cause of these most complicated diseases. Nasal Catarrh and other diseases of the throat and chest have also been the subject of special lectures delivered throughout the country. The Doctor, therefore, offers his services with confidence to all the afflicted of humanity, who may suffer from any of the complaints incidental to the human frame. In addition to his own professional office and consultation room, the Doctor has also secured parlors affording every convenience for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen separately.

Office, 127 Montgomery street, opposite the Occidental Hotel Entrance. Office Hours—9 to 12 and 1 to 5; in the evening, 6 to 8.

Correspondence will be promptly answered, and a list of printed questions, forwarded to patients in any part of the United States, and by the answers DR. BRENAN can tell the disease almost as readily as by seeing the patient. Consultations at the office free. Post Office Box 291. je12-3m3p.

TO TAXPAYERS!

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE!

All property owners in Yolo County are hereby notified that they are required to make a sworn statement of all property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by them, or which is in their possession, or which is held in trust by any other person for their benefit. [See Sections 3,652, 3,648, Political Code.]

Poll and Road Taxes Now Due.

Unless Poll and Road Taxes are paid before becoming delinquent, THREE DOLLARS EACH will have to be paid, and it becomes a lien upon property.

Personal Property Taxes Now Due.

Taxes on Personal Property are now due and payable to the Assessor or his Deputies.

J. J. AMMONS,
Assessor of Yolo County.

ap24

Commodious House and Lot FOR SALE!

The large, well-located house formerly occupied by its owner, NATHAN ELLIOTT, on Fourth, north of Main street, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. The house is now occupied by two families, and is well calculated for a Boarding House. For particulars enquire of C. L. BEACH, at his wagon shop, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Woodland. je12-tf

PURE Lard Oil, Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil at E. BYNUM & CO's.

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, June 26th, 1874.

The Swell.

On the walk a hat did lie,
And a gallus chap sailed by,
And he cut a lively swell—
He was clerk in a hotel;
And he gave that hat a kick,
And he came across a brick!
Now upon a crutch he goes
Minus half a pound of toes.

MORAL.

When you see a person thrown,
By misfortune, or my vice,
Help him thrice or seven times thrice—
Help him up, or let him alone.
If you give the man a kick
You may stumble on a brick—
Or a stone.

Fate is liable to frown
And the best of us go down;
And in just a little while
She is liable to smile,
And the bad luck and the vice
Seem to scatter in a trice
And to hunt their holes like mice;
And the man you tried to kick
Now has changed into a brick.

General Items.

A REBELLION has broken out in Khokan in Central Asia. Sixteen officials have had their heads cut off.

ALL dresses continue to be made gored, short in front and just sufficiently long behind to touch the ground.

EIGHTY acres of Leopold barley is growing on the Bidwell farm. It will yield one hundred bushels to the acre.

THE Alden Fruit Preserving Company of Sonoma has incorporated with $50,000 capital, divided into 5,000 shares.

IT is suggested in an English paper that smoking be allowed during divine service, "as a means of increasing the attendance at church.

RUMOR says Mr. R. D. Hopkins, late of the Benicia *Tribune*, has purchased, or is about to purchase, an interest in the Vallejo *Independent*.

IT has been recently developed that the Government has been paying $3 per thousand sheets for paper more than is paid by bank companies.

A CENTENARIAN named Margaret Fitzsimmons, aged 103 years, received serious injuries at a recent fire in London, from which it is thought she cannot recover.

THE Federal Senate on Saturday adopted a $100,000 appropriation for the improvement of Oakland harbor; also an appropriation of $50,000 to improve San Diego harbor.

BY a vote of 7 against 5, the House Pacific Railway Committee refused to recommend an investigation of the Central Pacific Railroad and its Contract and Finance Company.

GONZALES, the Commandante of the ports in Central America who so brutally treated Magee the British consul, recently, has been ordered shot by President Borrias of Guatemala.

THE President has approved an Act to authorize the Secretary of War to ascertain the expense incurred by Oregon and California in the suppression of Indian hostilities in 1872 and 1873.

Two more scouting parties against the Apaches in Arizona have killed nineteen warriors, captured a number of women and destroyed their camps, with a large amount of supplies.

THE *Methodist* is in favor of reducing the number of presiding elders and enlarging the districts in the Methodist Church. It costs the church now $500,000 annually to support 450 presiding elders.

THE examination of Napthly on charge of assaulting De Young with intent to murder in the Police Court, resulted in the prompt discharge of Napthly. De Young is held in bail for his assault upon Napthly.

VALLEJO has exported during the present crop year to end June 31st 2,050,000 centals of wheat, 233,352 centals of flour during the same time. These shipments combined, constitute one-fourth of the entire export of the State.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* has discovered a man 115 years old. His name is William Ross, and he was born at Guilford Court House, North Carolina, May 17th, 1759. He lives in Monroe county, Indiana.

LARGE droves of cattle and sheep are now being driven up into the mountains in search of pasturage. During the Summer perhaps not more than 75,000 head of sheep will be pastured in the mountains in the eastern part of Amador county.

THE Berlin *Gazette* says the success of the Congress of International Law, called to meet at Brussels, is very doubtful. The Governments of England, France and Austria have raised objections to the scheme, and Switzerland extends to it but feeble support.

A FOUR-HORSE team was driven into Yosemite Valley last Friday. The carriage was driven from a hotel in San Francisco to the door of the hotel in Yosemite. It was received by a procession with music, singing and cheers, being the first team ever driven into the valley.

WORK on the North Pacific Railroad, says the Healsburg *Flag*, is now quite active. About four hundred men have been put on at Tomales to grade toward San Rafael, and large forces are scattered all along the line. It is expected to have the cars running to Tomales by January.

THE Legislature of North Carolina has passed an act which provides that any person who manufactures, sells or deals in spiritous liquors as a drink, of any name or kind, containing foreign properities or ingredients poisonous to the system, shall be punished with five years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

A DETERMINED struggle took place in the U. S. Senate, Thursday, when the bill to abolish the District of Columbia Government came up. George C. Gorham was very active in endeavoring to defeat the measure. Senator Sargeant also made himself prominent in opposition to the bill. But nevertheless it passed.

A SALT LAKE dispatch of the 18th says: A severe earthquake shook this city about 12 o'clock last night. The motion continued nearly thirty seconds, and seemed to pass from northeast to southwest. There was but little alarm—the people not generally understanding what was the occasion of the disturbance.

ONE of the rules of the Order of Enoch, says the Salt Lake *Tribune*, is that all girls on reaching the age of fourteen must get married. There is to be no deviation from this, and at the first offer, no matter how many wives the man may have, or how ugly he may be, the girl must bow her neck to the halter.

THE "local" wretch of the Vallejo *Chronicle* perpetrates the following: The pictures of Woodhull and Claflin in Haas' show window attract considerable attention. The general verdict is that to charge ugliness against the former of the two women Woodhull-y misrepresent the truth, and that the assertion that the other sister appears excessively masculine is no longer Tenni-ble.

WE learn from the Humbolt *Times* that Klamath county which has just been eliminated from the map has at present an indebtedness of $22,345, with the addition of another thousand when annexation takes place. Transcribing records and other expenses will make the total $25,000; of which Humbolt will take about $13,000 and Siskiyou $7,000.

AN ordinary quartette choir costs $2,500 a year in New York city. A first-class quartette with an organist costs from $6,000 to $10,000. One soprano singer has $8,000 in one church, and $1,000 for evening in another church. Trinity church pays $10,000 a year for music. It has a choir of thirty boys, who receive a musical education and a salary. Warren, of St. Thomas' church, has $10,000 a year and a house.

THE postal service of the German Empire is well organized. According to a recent official report, there are 6,001 post offices, with 52,600 officials for the accommodation of a population numbering 34,839,434. The number of letters and packages sent last year by the mails of the empire was 878,000,000—an increase of 95,000,000 over the previous year; 454,000,000 of which were letters, 20,000,000 postal cards, and 14,000,000 postal drafts. The latter represented an amount of $4,838,000,000.

SOME of the Patrons of Husbandry in Minnesota have applied the principal of cooperation to a new industry—the pursuit and capture of horse thieves. Hereafter each Grange is to have "five riders," who are, on a robbery of stock being reported, to mount and follow the culprits. To this end the Grange is to furnish them with funds not less in amount than $25, and on giving the hailing sign of the Patron, all other Granges will entertain them free of cost, turn out to aid them or lend them fresh horses.

T. B. Reindollar,

Successor to Ruggles & Reindollar.

Dealer in all kinds of

Drugs,
Medicines,
Paints,
Oils,
Glass,
Brushes,
Perfumery,
BOOKS, STATIONERY, LAMPS,

And everything found in a

First-Class Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions

ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED,

Day or night, by

The Proprietor.

ONE DOOR WEST OF PORTER'S STORE, OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE.

ap25-3m **Woodland.**

BAKER & HAMILTON,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS

—OF—

Agricultural Impements

—AND—

MACHINES,

SACRAMENTO

—AND—

SAN FRANCISCO,

Offer to the trade the

MOST COMPLETE STOCK

Of Goods ever in the Market.

Sweepstake Gang Plows,
Eureka Gang Plows,
Single Plows, Iron and Steel,
Harrows,
Cultivators,
Seed Sowers,
FANNING MILLS,
Feed Mills,
Corn Planters,
Grain Drills.

We are Exclusive Agents for the

Statesman Force Feed Drill

—AND THE—

WINNEBAGO SEEDER AND CULTIVATOR.

Farmers should send for our LIST OF PRICES before buying elsewhere.

The celebrated

BAIN WAGON!

Which has given universal satisfaction as the Best Farm Wagon now in use, can be had ONLY from us or our agents. my21-3m

ROSENKRANZ & KUHN,

MAIN STREET,

Between Tackney House and E. L. Clark's Stable,

WOODLAND,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Tinware, Stoves, Hose, WaterPipes and Pumps,

ROOFING, PLUMBING & GASFITTING.

Jobbing of Every Description.

Agents for the celebrated Medalion Ranges, the best in the market.

All orders promptly attended to.

je6-3m ROSENKRANZ & KUHN.

J. K. SMITH & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main Street, - Woodland,

Opposite Craft Hotel.

Undertaking

Promptly attended to, and at satisfactory prices.

A Fine New Hearse in connection with the business.

je5-3m J. K. SMITH & CO.

P. S. GLASSCOCK,

—DEALER IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

STATIONERY, ETC.,

—ALSO,—

AGENT FOR THE

Liverpool & London & Globe FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Front St., Knight's Landing.

AGENT FOR THE

SINGER SEWING MACHINE!

ap10-3m

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Seiber, - - Proprietor,

Successor to H. Zirker, deceased.

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.

ap24-3t1

PASTURAGE

For Horses and Cattle at Judge Hastings' Maine Prairie Ranch.

FRESH-WATER TULE

All Stock to be paid for before leaving the ranch. For particulars, inquire of A. J. GLOVER or DENNIS LAUGHLIN, Maine Prairie. my1-2m

S. P. STINAFF. E. S. STINAFF.

S. P. STINAFF & SON,

(Successors to Gray & Wood)

DEALERS IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

(CALIFORNIA HARROW.)

Agents for the celebrated

EAGLE HAY PRESS.

MACHINERY,

HARDWARE,

Paints and Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

Are fully supplied with the latest improved machinery and agricultural implements, which we sell at San Francisco prices.

We also call attention to our

Iron and Wood-Workers' Tools

And stock in trade, consisting of Iron, Steel, Coal, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nails, Locks, Screws, Hinges, etc., etc., etc.

CASTINGS FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY!

CUTLERY,

In Every Style,

Cordage, Blasting Powder, Fuse,

And all kinds of Ammunition.

Our stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass,

ETC., ETC.

The Attention of Farmers,

MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to our stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

S. P. STINAFF & SON.

Woodland, November 1st, 1873. my21-3m

MARCUS C. HAWLEY & CO.,

COR. J. & SECOND STREETS,

SACRAMENTO,

Nos. 108 *and* 110 *Front street, San Francisco.*

Agricultural Implements,

MACHINES

—AND—

HARDWARE.

We have the pleasure to inform our friends that we have OPENED A STORE IN SACRAMENTO, corner J and Second streets, where we will carry a complete stock of the above goods.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS for

WOOD'S MOWERS AND REAPERS—For all of Northern California;

BUCKEYE REAPERS AND MOWERS For the State of Nevada;

HAINES' GENUINE HEADERS—Single and Double Gear;

VIBRATOR THRESHERS,
THE TAYLOR WHEEL RAKE,
BARNES' REVOLVING RAKE,
BURDICK'S HAY CUTTERS,

And the Celebrated

SCHUTTLER WAGONS!

PLOWS, HARROWS, SEED SOWERS, FORKS, HOES, RAKES, ETC.

☞ Call and see us before purchasing.

je20-3m

THE WILSON

Sewing Machine!

Price, $50 *to* $75. *Price,* $50 *to* $75.

These Machines, although sold $20 LOWER in price than any other first-class sewing machine, received the

HIGHEST AWARDS

—AT THE—

World's Fair, Vienna, 1873,

As follows:

A Medal for the Best Sewing Machine.
A Medal for the Highest Standard of Skilled Workmanship.
A Medal for the Best Sample of Cloth Work in Stitch and Fancy Work.
A Medal for the Best Stitching in Boots and Shoes.

☞ Address, for Circulars and Samples, G. H. NORTON, Agent, fe20-6m4p 337 Kearny s.t., San Francisco.

FURNITURE STORE

—AND—

Cabinet Shop

South side of Main street, next to the Woodland Market and opposite El Dorado Livery Stable,

WOODLAND.

ALL KINDS OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE

FURNITURE,

Spring Matresses, Lounges, &c., constantly on hand and fitted up to order.

COFFINS OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES furnished on short notice.

REPAIRING.—All kinds of Furniture neatly and cheaply repaired.

ap17-3m P. KRELLENBERG.

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, - Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,

Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. my21

J. L. SIMPSON,

Druggist,

GALBRAITH'S BLOCK,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,

TOILET PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, HAIR OILS, SOAPS, HAIR BRUSHES, ETC.

A Fine Stock of

School Books,
Miscellaneous Books,
Stationery,
Initial Note,
Diaries, Etc.

Also, a Complete Assortment of

GLASS, CIGARS,
TOBACCO, LEGAL BLANKS.

Also, FINE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,

COGNAC BRANDY,

Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Etc.

All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by a thoroughly competent druggist

J. L. SIMPSON,

(Read & Magee's old stand,) Main street, je19-tf WOODLAND.

SHERMAN & HYDE,

Cor. Kearny and Sutter Sts.

SAN FRANCISCO,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

SHEET MUSIC,

Musical Instruments,

—AND—

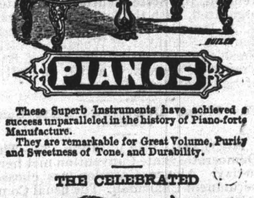
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE.

Orders from the Interior promptly filled.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Acknowledged by Musicians to be the Best Low Priced Instruments ever offered for sale on this Coast.

THE UNEQUALLED



These Superb Instruments have achieved a success unparalleled in the history of Piano-forte Manufacture.

They are remarkable for Great Volume, Purity and Sweetness of Tone, and Durability.

THE CELEBRATED

The Most Desirable Instruments in the market for church and parlor. Over 28,000 now in use.

SHERMAN & HYDE,

GENERAL AGENTS,

SAN FRANCISCO.

mh20

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF

Piano, Organ, Guitar and

VOCAL MUSIC!

TERMS:—$6.00 PER MONTH.

Pianos and Organs Tuned, Repaired, Packed for shipment, Unpacked and Set-up.

Pupils Instructed at their Residences.

Agent for the celebrated Steinway & Son's New York; Chickering, Boston, and Emerson's ($300) Pianos. The Hamlin & Mason's, Boston, and X. Spang's, Syracuse, Melodeons and Organs. The best Instruments manufactured. Any Music, Book or Sheet Music, wherever published, supplied at the marked retail price on short notice.

Organs and Pianos also sold on the instalment plan, of regular monthly payments (from $5 up) until paid for.

For particulars please leave orders at A. Kierski or Geo. Lewald & Co's stores, or address per post.

RICHARD SCHNEIDER, Music Teacher, my28-3m Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal.

Woodland Poultry Yards

Unsurpassed on the Pacific Coast,

Imported from the Most Celebrated Yards in the East.

Buff, White, Black and Patridge Cochins; Dark and Light Bramas; White and Brown Leghorns; White and Golden Polands; Silver Spangled Hamburgs, Houdans, and Golden Sebright Bantams.

ALSO,

Bronze Turkeys and Rouen Ducks.

Eggs from $6 to $12 per dozen.

Address, DR. W. J. PRATHER, Woodland, Cal. my6-3m

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds in his line.

CALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

☞ SHOP ON MAIN STREET,

(Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)

my1-3m **C. D. MORIN.**

BYNUM & CO.,

WEST END OF NEW COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main St., Woodland,

Dealers in all kinds of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

PURE WINES and LIQUORS,

For Medicinal Purposes,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND IN A

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

—ALSO—

A Large Stock of Stationery,

—CONSISTING OF—

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS

BLANK BOOKS, DIARIES, MEMORANDUMS, ETC., ETC.

A Fine Stock

—OF—

TOBACCO and CIGARS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Prescriptions Carefully

AND ACCURATELY

Compounded—Day or Night—

—BY A—

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT DRUGGIST.

Nothing but the Purest Medicines Used.

ap17-3m

REMOVAL

OF THE

WOODLAND PROVISION STORE

—TO THE—

NEW BUILDING

Directly west of Templars' Hall,

—AND—

Opposite the Old Stand.

J. G. SCHWALM,

Dealer in all kinds of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Respectfully invites the residents of Woodland and vicinity to call at his new quarters, where he is fully prepared to supply their wants with every article of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Of the best quality, and too numerous to mention in an advertisement; also,

Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Pork.

PRESERVED MEATS

And the choicest Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

☞ *Depot of the National Brewery, of San Francisco.*

je19-3m

LUMBER!

L. B. RUGGLES. S. A. DAVIS.

RUGGLES & DAVIS,

(Successors to L. B. Ruggles,)

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED YARD,

South of Main St., near the College,

WOODLAND.

It is our intention to keep on hand every kind

—OF—

Building and Fencing Lumber,
Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,
SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,
Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.

ap2-3m RUGGLES & DAVIS.

PAINTS AND OILS, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

Still on Hand!

F. M. HALL,

MAIN STREET,

IN FRONT OF THE COLLEGE, WOODLAND,

Would respectfully announce to the People of Yolo County, that he is now permanently located in Woodland, and is prepared to fill all orders in his line at short notice and in a satisfactory manner.

Manufacturer —OF— And Dealer —IN—

ALL KINDS OF

HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES, RANGES, PUMPS,

PIPE OF ALL KINDS,

GAS FIXTURES.

Nails, Screws, Hinges, Etc.,

WASH-BOARDS, CHURNS,

Clothes Wringers,
Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs,
Waffle Irons,
Gem Pans,
Sad Irons,
Rubber Hose,

COFFEE MILLS,

Knives and Forks,
Spoons,
Scrubbing and Horse Brushes,
Curry Combs,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

MANUFACTURER OF

ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet-Iron Ware.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

RICHMOND RANGE

—AND—

Empire City Cook Stove!

The Best Stoves Now in Use.

Also for THE PEOPLE'S DEEP WELL FORCE PUMP, the best and cheapest Deep Well Force Pump now in use.

☞ Particular attention given to Repairing and Job Work. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. my1 3m

Yolo Planing Mill,

MACHINE SHOP,

—AND—

Manufactory for Elevators and Self-Feeders for Threshing Machines,

COR. OF OAK AVENUE AND RAILROAD STS.,

One Block South of Hesperian College.

The undersigned hereby notifies the public that he has leased the Yolo Planing Mill and added to it a Machine and Blacksmith Shop, with a view to establishing a

MANUFACTORY FOR ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

And to do a General Milling Business in all its Departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood and Iron Turning, Boring out Steam Cylinders and Douglas Pumps (of any size), Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order, Etc., Etc.

CONTRACTING AND JOBBING

Left to Contractors, House Builders and Carpenters, whose patronage is especially solicited, and

Good Work Guaranteed!

As None but First-Class Workmen will be employed. Besides, he is prepared to do

BLACKSMITHING!

AND REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

—AND—

STEAM ENGINES!

Will Manufacture Harrows, Cultivators, and anything in his line of business that may be ordered, at as reasonable rates as can be done in San Francisco.

ap2 **BYRON JACKSON.**

J. H. BROGAN,

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Smith in this branch of the business, may be found at all times at the

OLD STAND OF S. HYMAN,

Opposite the Store of Geo. Lewald & Co.

Funerals Promptly Attended to,

—AND—

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

☞ He has the **FINEST OF HEARSES.**

J. H. BROGAN.

WOODLAND, June 8th, 1872. je5-3m

NEW STORE.

New Goods and New Prices!

J. I. EATON,

(FORMERLY OF EATON & BRO.,)

Has just received and opened in the new building opposite the Masonic Hall, a new stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

Which we offer for sale

For Cash, or in Thirty Days.

At prices to suit the times. I do my own work, and have no rent to pay, consequently can sell at low figures.

Goods Delivered in Any Part of the City.

☞ Store in the Grove, opposite the Masonic Building.

Woodland, July 18th, 1873. ap17-3m

J. A. WILSON, JOHN BAUER.

[*Late of Gosselgren & Wilson.*]

WILSON & BAUER,

Cor. 4th and J Sts.,

SACRAMENTO,

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!

BEDDING

AND MIRRORS!

—ALSO,—

Solid Walnut Bedroom and Parlor Furniture!

DESKS AND BOOKCASES,

Of Every Description,

LOWER THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

my15-3m

COAL OIL, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE

MUSIC HATH CHARMS!

PRICE REDUCED.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

WILL LAST A LIFE-TIME!

35,000

Of the Celebrated

Shoninger Organs

IN DAILY USE.

The best musical talent of the country recommend these Organs. The nicest and best. More for your money, and gives better satisfaction than any other now made. They comprise the

Eureka, Concerto, Orchestra

—AND—

GRANDS.

Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail, postpaid to any address, upon application to

B. SHONINGER & CO.,

ja2-6m NEW HAVEN, CONN.

WAGON

—AND—

CARRIAGE-MAKING!

J. SOVEREIGN,

Late of the firm of BEACH, SOVEREIGN & Co., having opened a Shop in connection with HENRY PERRY'S BLACKSMITH SHOP, on First street, (rear of Bank of Woodland) takes this method of making his business known to the public, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.

All Kinds of Work

In my line will be promptly attended to.

I am also agent for the celebrated "Bain Wagon" and the "World Mower."

Also agent for

MATTISON & WILLIAMSON, of Stockton,

For the sale of the "Stockton Chief" Header, the "American Chief" Gang Plow, Harrows, Cultivators, Derrick Forks, etc.

J. SOVEREIGN.

Woodland, March 25th, 1874. mh27-3m.

CITY LIVERY AND SALE STABLES!

OPPOSITE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.

The well-known Stables above referred to have been recently leased by the undersigned who have recently thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and are now prepared to furnish the best of Livery turnouts at short notice and reasonable rates.

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

Particular attention given to Breaking and Training Horses to Harness. Grain and Hay for Sale at retail. ☞ Give us a trial.

ap24-3m McHENRY & HUBBARD, Props.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR HOUSE!

IN WOODLAND!

DRYFUS & CO.,

Have in store a full stock of

Choice Wines, Pure Liquors,

CIGARS, ETC.,

Which they offer to dealers and the public at wholesale rates as favorable as can be obtained anywhere on this Coast.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED,

—AND—

GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORT NOTICE.

Store opposite Bank of Woodland.

March 8th, 1873. je5-3m

OF THE MULTITUDES whose avocations restrict them to a sitting posture, more than two-thirds suffer from constipation. Do they not know that an occasional resort to

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

would prevent all their misery? Its regulating properties are unparalleled. For sale by all dealers in medicine. je19-2w

EL DORADO

LIVERY STABLES!

POCKMAN & BRO.,

(Successors to Hubbard & Sill.)

Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Baronches, and will furnish drivers if desired.

Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.

ap17-3m POCKMAN & BRO., Proprietors.

DAVID G. GORDON,

Has opened a

Blacksmith and Wagon Shop,

—AT THE—

MOUTH OF CACHE CREEK CANON,

And is prepared to do all kinds of work in that line—both wood and iron—and respectfully solicits the patronage of the public in that part of the county. Also repair all kinds of Machinery, and do a general jobbing business. All work done in the best style and warranted.

ap10-3m

A Valuable Farm for Sale.

JAMES SMITH OFFERS HIS FARM of 413 acres, situated on Cache Creek, Yolo County, ten miles West of Woodland, and two miles North of Cottonwood, for sale—with or without crops. Title perfect. Terms of sale easy. For further particulars enquire on the premises.

April 2d, 1874. JAMES SMITH.

ap3-3m

300 Cords of Stovewood for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale, on his Ranch, in Capay Valley, three hundred cords of Oak and Manzanita Stove Wood, deliverable on the ground. Oak Stove Wood, $3 per cord. C. V. FOWLER.

Capay, April 1st, 1874. ap3-1f

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOL. 7. WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1874. NO. 32.

"Old Times."

There's a beautiful song on the slumb'rous air,
That drifts through the valley of dreams;
It came from a clime where the roses were,
And a hopeful heart and bright brown hair
That waved in the morning beams.

Soft eyes of azure and eyes of brown,
And snow-white foreheads are there;
A glimmering cross and a glittering crown,
A thorny bed and a couch of down,
Lost hopes and leaflets of prayer.

A breath of spring in the breezy woods,
Sweet wafts from the quivering pines—
Blue violets' eyes beneath green hoods,
A bubble of brooklets, a scent of buds,
Bird-warbles and clamb'ring vines.

A rosy wreath and a dimpled hand,
A ring and a slighted vow—
Three golden links of a broken band,
A tiny track on the snow-white sand,
A tear and a sinless brow.

There's a tincture of grief in the beautiful song
That sobs on the slumb'rous air,
And loneliness felt in the festive throng,
Sinks down on the soul as it trembles along
From a clime where the roses were.

We heard it first at the dawn of day,
And it mingled with matin chimes,
But years have distanced the beautiful lay,
And its melody floweth from far away,
And we call it, now, Old Times.

A Sad End of Weary Waiting.

The car door opened; there was a rattle and a rustle upon the platform outside—and she came stumbling in. At the same time there came in with her a ruddy-cheeked, blue-eyed boy, whose years were not counted above ten. She carried in her arms a bundle closely and carefully wrapped, at one end of which a tiny face appeared, a diminutive copy of her own.

She was not more than thirty. She was fair, and appeared as strange and timid as the antelope we saw from the car windows gliding over the plains. But no one noticed her; no one presumed to claim acquaintance with this travel-soiled, weary-looking young woman, and as she sat upon the next seat to my own, gazing wearily out upon the wide, bleak monotony of the plains, I observed several times during the day that her large blue eyes filled with tears, and that the little boy in Scotch cap, knee breeches and black hose, busied himself in a vain attempt to comfort his mother. All this I observed from behind my book, which book proved a medium of communication between my fellow passenger and myself.

She had been looking at the back of my book attentively for some time, when she broke the silence by saying:

"I beg pardon, sir, but can you tell me when we shall arrive (looking at an envelope) at Bijou Station?"

"To-morrow evening, sometime, if all goes well," I replied.

"Is the country out there as wild and sparsely settled as this, sir?"

"Yes, madam, or more so. It depends very much upon the portion of Bijou you go to."

The ice being broken between myself and my fellow passenger, she soon fell a victim to a professional American newspaper interviewer, to whom she told her story.

"Yes, sir, I am from England. I left there three weeks ago. I observed you reading Dickens, and I took the liberty of speaking to you. Do I admire Dickens? Yes, sir, I loved him. I am a relative of his, and have oftentimes visited him at his place in Gad's Hill. I am from Gloster. Do you know Gloster? It is a dear old town. We lived just within the shadow of the old cathedral (a sigh). Oh, the dear old town. I expect we will never meet again. It is a grand old structure. You can read all about it in Uncle Charles' last book, 'The Mystery of Edwin Drood.' He described our town just as it is. We all loved Mr. Dickens. I walked with him many times in the grand old structure, for he made our house his home when he came to Gloster. He only lived ten miles away, and frequently came to see us while working upon his last book. I observed you reading one of his works, and I made so free as to speak, for I am—oh! so very lonesome and strange here! Did I come all the way alone, sir? Yes, sir. But it was wrong in me to attempt it. I think sometimes I shall give up before I reach my husband. But Charles is quite a man to me. You have no idea, sir, how clever and kind my little son has been to me, both on the voyage and at Halifax, at Baltimore, and Cincinnati. How do I like the States, did you say? Oh, sir, I don't like them at all! I like the State of Cincinnati best of any I have been in. I stopped at Halifax, it is a dull, cold, miserable place. They kept me three days at Baltimore to discharge cargo. At Cincinnati my luggage was smashed, and I had to purchase deal boxes to pack in. They charged me a sovereign for them. I was detained one day at St. Louis—a nasty, gloomy, smoky place, is it not, sir? At Leavenworth they refused to take my English gold for my hotel bill, and I was in great trouble and distress."

"Did I get my luggage all right? Yes, sir. There is nine hundred pounds of it. Why did I bring so much, did you say? Why, sir, my husband wrote me that he had got a perfect little Eden of a place in Colorado. Yes, sir, he calls our new home Eden, and I thought I would bring as many of the old things from home as possible, and I brought a box of tea, a barrel of sugar, several bolts of long cloth, some boots and clothing, and at least a hundred different kinds of garden seeds. But, sir, (crying) I really think I will never reach home again. Three weeks of travel all alone has nearly cost me my life."

"What is my husband doing in Colorado, did you say, sir? He is sheep-farming. He was a tailor and gentlemen's furnisher in Gloster. We lived in one house for nineteen years; my father kept the business before I married my husband. We were doing very well and getting rich, but my husband who had been a sailor when a boy, and was born in Brazil, was always discontented and wanted to travel.

"In an evil hour I consented to sell out our business in Gloster. He took £5,000 with him and started for Colorado. His letters which he wrote from Colorado were very interesting; they were printed in our county paper at home. Oh, sir, if you only could know how tired I am of traveling, how lonesome I feel upon these plains, so many thousand miles from my dear old home, you would realize how anxious I am to meet my husband."

The sun and the train rolled on westward, and toward evening, on the second day out from Kansas City, came in sight of Bijou. My fellow passengers were all bustle and excitement; she had been to the glass to adjust her hair and apparel. The beautiful little boy in his Scotch cap blue jacket, and black stockings, had had his golden locks freshly curled, his rosy cheeks washed, and stood upon the car seat looking out of the window—looking for "father."

"Oh, mother, I think I see father," said Charlie. "No, mother, it is some one else. Oh, I see a coffin, mother; some person is dead; they are taking the coffin out of a wagon, mother. There it is, mother: there, we are past it now. Now we shall see father; we are at home." The train stopped. The weary, travel-soiled, almost discouraged niece of Charles Dickens gathered up her parcels and her cloaks, and stepped out upon the wild, bleak spot called Bijou Station. The passengers, all interested in the talkative and unsophisticated pair of travelers, crowded to the windows of the car to witness the expected meeting between husband and wife.

They saw it. While her baggage was being tumbled out of the car she stood with her baby in her arms, and her boy by her side, gazing around upon the strange scene, and peering eagerly among the roughly-clad ranchmen and plainsmen for the face which alone of all others she wished to see.

A rough-looking but polite ranchman stepped forward, and, with a clumsy bow and bashful manner, inquired who the "madam desired to see."

"I want my husband, Mr. Henry Lester. Does he not keep a sheep and cattle farm near here?"

"He did, madam," answered the ranchman sadly, "but he's rounded up his herd for the last time. There he is in that coffin, died last Wednesday night, and we're sendin' the body to Denver, accordin' to his last instructions. He died of congestion of the bowels, madam. Beg pardon, madam, but are you his—"

He did not finish his sentence, but stepped forward to catch the falling form of my fellow-traveler, who was carried into the car in a swoon. The little boy uttered a piteous wail of grief, while I led him sobbing back to the car which this wearied and travel-tired pair had left a minute before so hopeful and happy. There were many wet eyes in that car just then, mine among the rest, as I held the beautiful boy sobbing to my breast.—*Denver Tribune.*

How Much One Person Eats.—It is rather surprising that some Yankee with a genius for calculation has not gone into an estimate of how much food is consumed by the ordinary American individual in a day, and, basing his figures upon the result, discovered the amount of animal and vegetable food he gets rid of in a week, a month, a year, or an average lifetime. M. Sayer, the culinary authority, the cook of the London Reform club, and a great artist in his line, goes into this sort of calculation in one of his books—the "Modern Housewife"—and obtains results startling, if not alarming, to persons who had never looked at the subject from an arithmetical point of view. To take a boy of ten years to the top of a hill, as he takes his mythical personage, and surround him with the objects that in the course of his lifetime he will have to devour, may be truly described as appalling. First there are 30 oxen, then 200 sheep, 100 calves, 200 lambs, 50 pigs, 1,200 fowls, 300 turkeys, 263 pigeons, 140 pounds of salmon, 120 pounds of other fish, 30,000 oysters, 5,443 pounds weight of vegetables, 243½ pounds butter, 24,000 eggs, 4½ tons of bread, about 3,000 gallons of tea and coffee, besides tons of fruit, barrels of sweetmeats and hogsheads of wine. This is after all, only an outline, and Sayer assures his readers that, so far from exaggeration, he has, from experience and observation, made up a scale of food for the day, and for a period of sixty years it amounted to 33¾ tons weight of meat, farinaceous food and vegetables. This statement can neither be denied or affirmed without going into the statistics, but it is partly corroborated by a gentleman who states that for fifty years he has eaten two eggs for breakfast, making 730 per annum, or a total for half a century of 36,500 eggs. This goes, for a period of only fifty years, 12,000 better than Sayer, and does not provide for the quantity eaten in puddings, cakes, deserts, and the like. Where does it all come from?

The Musical Language.—The best language to sing in—that is to say, the language whose syllables are most favorable to musical emission—is the Italian. The next best is the Turkish. The Turkish language being good for anything from musical point of view will no doubt be a revelation to many readers; but I have the best authority for the statement. Next in the order of excellence for musical purposes comes the Russian language; the Spanish next; the German next; and then the French. I need not say that French vanity is equal to claiming precedency in this respect for its own tongue, if it were possible; but no well-educated French musician will deny that his language is the worst of all for the singing voice—with one exception; and the exception is the English.—*Galaxy for June.*

Vicious habits are so great a stain on human nature, and so odious in themselves, that every person, actuated by right reason, should avoid them, though he was sure they would be always concealed from both God and man, and had no future punishment entailed upon them.

HOUSEHOLD.

Impure Water.—Public attention can not be too often called to the danger of using impure water in households. The origin of typhoid fever, which so frequently runs through families in city and country, is oftener in wells and springs than is supposed. In cities it is easy to understand, where aqueduct water is not supplied, how wells may become contaminated; but for many it is not so easy to see how wells in the country, among the hills or in the green valleys, can become so impure as to be sources of disease.

Since the general introduction of aqueduct water into large cities, typhoid fever has become more common in the country than in the city; and this disease is certainly zymotic, or one which results from a poison introduced into the blood. Wells in the country are very apt to become contaminated with house sewage, as they are generally placed, for convenience, very near the dwelling, and the waste liquids thrown out upon the ground, find easy access, by percolation through the soil, to the water. The instances of such contamination which have come to our notice, and which gave rise to fevers, are numerous.

The gelatinous matter which is often found covering the stones in wells affected by sewage, is a true fungoid growth, and highly poisonous when introduced into the system. It is undoubtedly concerned in the production of typhoid fever. How it acts it is difficult to determine, but it is at least conceivable that the spores of the fungus may get into the blood and bring about changes after the manner of yeast in beer. These spores, it is well known, develop rapidly by a kind of budding process, and but little time passes before the whole circulation becomes filled with them, giving rise to abnormal heat and general derangement, called fever. These fungoid or confervoid growths are always present in waters rendered impure by house drainage, and great caution should be used in maintaining well waters free from all sorts of pollution.—*Jour. of Chemistry.*

Canning Strawberries.—At the commencement of the strawberry season make two or three quarts of white sugar into a thick syrup by dissolving it in hot water, two large coffee-cupfuls to a quart. Boil and skim this, and put into a jug or bottles for future use. Put your ripe, fresh strawberries into glass cans, and fill up with the cold syrup nearly to the brim, as the strawberries shrink somewhat. Place in a kettle of cold water, putting the lids on the tops of the cans first, but not screwing them down. Let them come to a boil slowly; boil for five minutes; then screw down the covers tightly, and set away in a cool, dark place.

Boiled Flank—To Eat Cold.—Take a piece of beef flank six or eight inches wide, and as long as you can get it. Sprinkle salt on it, if fresh; prepare stuffing as for fowls, and spread over it; roll up very tight and tie with strings to keep in place, as the heat will curl it. Then tie or sew it up in a cloth and drop into rapidly boiling water. Cook several hours; the larger the piece the longer it will take. Try with a fork. When done lay between boards and put a weight on it, keeping the cloth on it still. When cold it will slice beautifully.

To Clean Merino.—Grate two or three large potatoes; add to them a pint of cold water; let them stand for a short time and pour off the liquor clear, when it will be fit for use. Lay the merino on a flat surface and apply the liquid with a clean sponge till the dirt is completely extracted. Dip each piece in a pailful of cold water and hang up to dry without wringing. Iron while damp on the wrong side. It will then appear almost equal to new.

Strawberry Jelly.—Squeeze out the juice of the strawberries, and to each pint of juice add three-quarters of a pound of lump sugar. Boil for twenty minutes; turn into cups which have been previously dipped in cold water, and set in the sun for a few hours.

To stop bleeding take the fine dust of tea and bind it on the wound—at all times accessible and easily obtained. After the blood has ceased to flow, landanum may be advantageously applied to the wound. Due regard to these instructions may save much trouble.

Piety Knocked into Pi.—Horace Greeley used to affirm that newspaper men were the most patient people, as a class, on earth, and he was not far from right, though there are times when patience ceases to be a virtue with the most enduring. Nearly everybody in the western part of the State knows Burr, who used to start a newspaper about once a month the year round, generally bringing them out in Grand Rapids, but sometimes making a flying trip to other points. Burr could stand it to be told that he lied about his circulation, was on the fence as a politician, and that he didn't know anything about publishing a newspaper, and when men threatened to sue or thrash him he only smiled a sad smile and wished that mankind wouldn't get excited. During a religious revival in Grand Rapids, Burr was converted, and it frequently happened that religious people called at his office to talk with him. One day a minister came in, and after talking awhile he proposed prayer. He was in the act of kneeling when his foot struck one of the outside forms, which was leaning against the leg of the stone, ready to be lifted up, and over it went, making half a busbel of "pi." Burr looked at the ruin wrought, thought of the two weeks of overwork, and he commenced taking off his coat, saying, "I'm trying to be a Christian and set a good example, but rat my buttons if I can't lick you in just two minutes!" The clergyman backed down stairs in no time, dodging the lye brush on the way, and Burr backslid at once, and sent down for a pint of stimulant.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Mill River Disaster.

One of the freaks of the flood seems to have been the lifting bodily of buildings and moving them a considerable distance, then to set them down as squarely as they were set on their original foundations. There is one barn in particular, Culver's, I think, which has been so moved. You almost refuse to be persuaded that it has been moved by any accidental agency, yet it stands rods from the place where it was built.

In some instances houses have been protected by single trees which stood in front of them; in others, the trees were torn up and became missles of destruction. In the trees which the flood strewed along its path you see evidence of the violence of the torrent; huge pines lie stripped of their bark and branches, and with their bleached roots twisted and torn into splints, they look to be gigantic brooms.

Of the amount of debris—surface earth, sand, and brushwood brought down and deposited—you will get some idea when I tell you that several of the bodies which have been recovered were found buried 20 feet below these accretions. And I fear that all the mischief is not ended; like the fabled monster of old, a flood slays with its breath, and unless malignant fevers prevail in this valley through the summer, there is nothing in precedent. This has been the case in all fresh-water floods of which I have any recollection; terrible, is it not, to think that to such a testament of destruction there is still a codicil of death attached!

The scene around the Haydenville brass foundry reminds one of placer-mining in the early days of California. Workmen with pick and shovel excavate the sand and sift it carefully, exhuming, not nuggets of gold, but metals that glitter similarly—ingots of copper and brass, and silver-plated goods. But the mining going on of the huge piles of debris at which men are digging, and hewing, and hauling, is of a more terrible character. It is for corpses they are looking.

Strange how everything in this world seems to exist simply by comparison; that we can pronounce upon nothing absolutely in in itself until we consider relative positions. As instance in point: under any ordinary circumstances my friend Henry James, proprietor of the Champion Woolen Mills, would be thought to have been strangely unfortunate. His mill is left high and dry by the changed course of the river-bed; its lower story is wrecked, his dam is torn away, the pond filled with sand, the dye-house dismantled, the woolen shed shredded, and a large stock of wool gone; tenements for the operatives swept away, a fine piece of meadow land ruined, and, greatest misfortune of all, the services of a faithful superintendent lost. But in comparison with the loss incurred by some others, Mr. James seems eminently fortunate, one set apart by the signal favor of Providence. His mill with all its valuable machinery is there, its upper stories just as they were left when the operatives fled. The looms stand with the warps in them, and full bobbins are in the shuttles only awaiting the impetus which shall send them flying to and fro as of old. Clear the rubbish away from the lower floor, straighten up the machinery a little, and apply power, and again rivers of cassimeres, fustians, and flannels would flow over the rollers. Wife and children are around him, his house stands where it did, untouched, and looking from its windows they see but the village as it was.

In contrast with his case, take that of William Skinner, proprietor of a large silk mill which stood a mile or so further down the river. Thirty years ago Mr. Skinner came to this country a poor boy, whose only capital was a knowledge of the silk business acquired at Spitalfields, England, where the curriculum is thorough, and the graduate can only get through by sleeping under the looms. After various vicissitudes, he succeeded in developing a large and profitable industry, and established the silk mill which, with its surroundings, made Skinnerville. He had lately finished and furnished a large dwelling-house, one of the finest in the valley, on the rise of ground opposite his mill property. In 15 minutes he saw that mill property, with everything appertaining to it, go from before his eyes so cleanly that were it not for certain landmarks which could not be swept away, the proprietor himself would be puzzled to tell precisely where it stood. So completely is every trace blotted out that I imagine Mr. Skinner must sometimes regard it as merely the mill of a dream, a fancied possession, which never had even a foundation stone in fact. His house remains, but in a most shattered condition—piazzas torn away, floors burst through, books washed into pulp, and furniture ruined. Looking out of the windows he sees his empty mill site, the few tenements that have not been swept away overturned, uprooted trees, huge piles of driftwood and debris—a perfect picture of devastation and desolation. And I question if the noon of that sad Saturday, whose morning found Mr. Skinner a prosperous manufacturer and a rich man, saw him worth a dollar in the world. But lo! he gathers his wife and children all safe about him, and pointing to a man who lost wife and children and house—the latter all the property he had—who goes about dazed like one not yet thoroughly awake, he says: "In comparison I have lost nothing, and have reason to be glad it is no worse."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Wooden ship-building in Maine bids fair to go ahead of iron ship-building in Pennsylvania. In one disirict 33 vessels, aggregating 24,000 tons, and to cost about $1,500,000, are under contract for immediate construction.

A gentleman says he is convinced of the efficacy in printers' ink, as he put some round a tree which had never borne fruit previously, and this year he had two barrels of apples from that tree.

The Opal.

Many of the precious stones which are ranked as gems by the lapidaries, and valued as beautiful jewels by the ladies, are simply different varieties of quartz, or, to speak still more plainly, of sandstone. Of these we may name the amethyst, which is quartz colored purple by oxyd of manganese; agate, which is a compact, translucid form of quartz, with colors arranged in banks or clouds; onyx, chalcedony, and carnelia, which are merely varieties of agate; chrysoprase, bloodstone and opal, which are other varieties of nearly pure quartz or silica.

The precious or noble opal is obtained chiefly in Hungary, although fine specimens are also found in Saxony and South America. They occur in Hungary disseminated in a trachylic conglomerate. They are mostly very small; but, if really beautiful, a tiny sized stone will bring $20 to $25 in the market. The largest opal at present known is exhibited in the Imperial cabinet in Vienna. It measures 4¾ inches by 2½ inches, and is valued at more than $250,000. Pliny speaks of a remarkable opal which once belonged to the Roman Senator Nonius. Its owner chose to go into exile rather than yield the gem to Mark Antony, who had set his covetous eyes upon it. This opal was, in the time of Pliny, esteemed to be worth no less than $500,000. At the London World's Fair, in 1851, there was to be seen, among rare and elegant stones, an opal weighing 526¼ carats, or near 4¼ ounces troy weight. It was valued at $20,000.

No gem is of more exquisite beauty than the opal. To watch the swift and changeful play of its rainbow-gleams is a constant delight. It has something of the fitful character and charm of the water, and to this element it probably owes its peculiar loveliness. The stone is permeated with the fluid, and mineralogists conjecture that its prismatic lights are produced by reflections of minute particles of water contained in interior cavities or fissures. When opals have lost by age their pristine warmth of glow, it is often restored by putting them for a short time in oil or water.

The opal has, like flint, a conchoidal fracture, and is very easily broken. For setting, it is usually cut with a convex surface, because of its brittleness, and also because its brilliant colors are thus best exhibited. There are several species of semi-precious opal, such as the girasol, the cachalong, the prime d'opal, the semi-opal, and the wood opal. A variety of the girasol, called the fire-opal, is found at Zimpan, in Mexico, and in the Farce Islands. Another kind, called quartz-resonite, is brought from Caramania and India. This was named asteria by the ancients, and was greatly prized by them. For a specimen of the girasol of extraordinary brilliancy, but not an inch and a half in diameter, the sum of $5,000 has been refused.

Useless Elaboration in Dress.—A writer in the New York *Mail* gives the following excellent advice to the women who need it: "In the old days of hand sewing how pathetically women used to bemoan their fate! Then the sewing machine came in, as if it were the herald of the millennium. There were never to be any more songs of the shirt. All the sewing was to be done up, in an emergency, by that good fairy of the household, in a trice, before you could snap your fingers and say Jack Robinson. Oh, what oceans of time women were going to have for every conceivable project under the sun! But straightway they wheeled around, and almost turned the blessing into a curse. Instead of doing as they had promised to do, getting through the sewing and having time for other things, they used sewing machines to turn every article of dress into a mass of unheard elaboration. What miles of braiding and yards of tucking and forests of flouncing the sewing machine is responsible for! It is responsible, too, for the elaborateness of style, finish and ornament which has distinguished the fashions since its advent. To it we owe the utter extinction of simplicity in feminine dress. It was so easy to make up a simple dress upon it like those worn, perforce, in the old days of the needle, in a very short time, that the temptation to put on a few ruffles or folds was not to be resisted by any woman of artistic tendencies—and that means ninety-nine women out of every hundred, for they are nearly all born with more or less of the artistic instinct for adorning and beautifying—and this trait of feminine character, for lack of proper training and proper channels of outlet, becomes in woman one of her faults when it should have been of her virtues.

English Matrimonial Advertisements.—"A gentleman, heir to a large property, but born blind, is in want of a wife. Beauty not requisite. She must be intelligent, amiable, and accomplished; but plainness will be no objection, if anything short of palpable disfigurement."

"The friends of a young lady wish to procure her a suitable husband. She is sensible, sweet-tempered and pretty, her only defect being that she is unable to sound the letter H. A deaf gentleman would find this an excellent opportunity."

"A young man who has run through all his property, but now sees the errors of his ways, and is a reformed character, wishes to marry and settle. He would wish to settle any fortune that his wife might bring with her on herself. A lady of strictly moral and religious principles, and an affectionate temperament, whose inclination for holy matrimony has, notwithstanding pecuniary affluence (say some £30,000), been opposed by disadvantages of personal appearance, may secure a fond husband, who is considered very handsome, but, being himself indifferent to externals, regards only those qualities in a married partner that are truly valuable."

Another triumph of the female sex. A man has made his escape from a Georgia jail by the aid of a hair-pin.

Saving Sunken Ships.

If you heard that a great ship, of two or three thousand tons burthen had gone to the bottom of the sea, several miles from the shore, you would perhaps think it impossible that she could be recovered and brought to the surface again. Out of sight, filled with water and torn by rocks, she would. This is slow work, and before it is complete night has set in, and the divers are brought to the surface. Betimes next day it is resumed, and when the centre of each great chain is right under the keel, the pontoons are towed over the wreck. Meanwhile, constant communication is established between the men below and the men in the boats, by means of the signal-line. Once in about four hours the divers come to the surface for air and food. But these pontoons—what are they? Let us pause a moment to glance at them. They are made of wood, and painted black. The largest measure 120 feet in length, 18 feet in width, and 14 feet in depth. Those selected for the present case are much smaller, and three are stationed at each side of the wreck to buoy her. In each pontoon there are several wells, or holes, running through the centre, from deck to bottom. Into these the divers insert the ends of the three cables, which are drawn upward by hydraulic power. This part of the work costs severe effort and much time, and when it is done the injured vessel, as a doctor would say, is on the fair way to recovery. The cables are drawn up through the wells, link by link, and are tightened gradually, until the wreck lifts. She rises slowly, and the pontoons groan from the weight bearing upon them as they are drawn nearer to her. For some time yet she is out of sight; but, at last, her deck is seen dimly through the waves, and soon afterwards it is above water. The wreckers, as we observed, are impassive in their manner; but they cannot repress their enthusiasm over the success, and two or three of the more excitable burst into cheers.—*St. Nicholas for June.*

Life in an Oasis.—In the Oasis of Sinooris, in Egypt, there are 100 towns with 150,000 inhabitants. A missionary writing thence says that most of the inhabitants are cultivators of the soil, though in this place are many weavers and dyers. The town of Sinooris stands high, as if built upon a huge mound. Nearly all the towns and villages of Egypt are thus located, and are safe from the floods that surround them in the overflowing of the great river. Most of the dwellings are one story, made of sun-dried bricks with earth roofs supported by beams cut from the palm tree, and covered with branches and leaves of the same, upon which the earth is packed. I saw but two houses furnished with glass windows. The streets are narrow and filthy. The people are exceedingly poor, and this although the district surpasses all other parts of Egypt in fertility and the varieties of its productions and richness of its gardens.

Oppression comes to them daily with its sternest demands. Taxation is sucking at the very vitals of all classes. Unable to pay their taxes the people have given their lands, so that the Vicery has now in his possession one hundred and sixty millions of acres out of the two hundred millions now under cultivation, leaving only forty millions now in possession of the peasants. The result is a most distressing state of things among the people. The most squalid destitution is revealed at every turn. Men, women, and children sleep upon the bare earth, without bed or covering, and the majority without even a mat. A single dark blue tunic of thin cotton is the only garment of thousands by day, and their only covering at night. Multitudes have not a change of clothing, but wear the same garment until it drops in rottenness from their bodies; of washings and cleansings they know almost nothing. These fallaheens may have treasures buried in the earth, or ornament their hair, ears, and noses with medals and gold rings, but they cannot be persuaded to materially change their costumes. "Gold does not wear out," they say; "beds, coverlets, sheets, and the like do."

It is now believed that shooting stars are often fragments of comets. In 1845 Biela's comet became divided into two portions which swung away from each other, until in 1853 they were several millions of miles apart. One of the portions was again discovered in 1872; the other portion the earth plunged through about the same time (Nov. 27), giving rise to the wonderful star-shower of that year! Astronomers have also succeeded in showing the probable connection of a comet observed in China, in 1366 with a great star-shower observed that year. Klinkerfues regards the comet seen in 1162 as probably identical with Biela's comet, and also as having been intimately connected with the shower of meteors known to have been observed in 524.

A meteorite which fell in Northern Germany in May, 1872, set the roof of a house on fire whereby that and several other buildings were destroyed. On the 17th of June, 1873, a brilliant meteor was seen over Southern Germany. When first seen its height was calculated to be about eight and a half miles. At about half that distance it exploded with a fearful noise and the fragments fell burning to the earth, some of which, of the size of peas, were secured by the inhabitants. The diameter of the mass is concluded to have been about 1,000 feet.

Some sarcastic writer has remarked that—"With four metallic qualifications a man may be pretty sure of earthly success. These are—gold in his pockets, silver in his tongue, brass in his face, and iron in his heart." With these a man would be tolerably well prepared to make his way through in life, we must acknowledge; but this world is so wicked that we would recommend, in addition to the above, an india rubber conscience.

Henry Ward Beecher on Cremation.

Mr. Beecher defines his position upon the cremation question as follows:

1. We are heartily opposed to any compulsory burning. Whoever prefers to be buried should have an unrestrained liberty in the matter. If it be pleasanter to decay gradually in a box five feet beneath the ground, giving to the near absorbent earth the volatile constituents of our cast-off bodies than to be turned speedily to ashes, so let it be.

2. If there be those who, looking forward, contemplate with satisfaction an urn containing the unconsumable particles of their bodies, why should they be denied their preference? Shall one who wishes to be ashes be compelled to be dirt? If one prefers to have his urn on a shelf should he be obliged to have a box far under the ground?

3. Let every one choose. Let commissioners be appointed who shall put the question without bias to each one—Will you burn or bury? And let there be no odium cast upon either side. Whether it be dust or ashes let it be esteemed orthodox. Having fallen into parties, sects, clans, all their life, and quarreled about almost every question, there should be peace at last, and man's ghost not be disturbed as to the disposition of his body. The Burning Sect! The Burying Sect! Fire or the Spade! Into the Ground or into the Air! How unseemly would be these cries.

Finally, by way of application:

4. It is very little matter what becomes of the body after we have done with it. It is of a great deal more importance to consider well what will befall the soul. The casket is of little value, but the jewel is priceless. Here endeth the sermon.

Highlanders have the habit, when talking their English, such as it is, of interjecting the personal pronoun "he" where not required, such as "the king he has come," instead of "the king has come." Often, in consequence, a sentence or an expression is rendered sufficiently ludicrous. Thus a clergyman opened his discourse: "My friends, the subject of discourse, this afternoon, in the first Epistle general of the Apostle Peter, chapter 5th and verse 8th, in the words, 'the devil he goeth about like a roaring lion, seeking whom he may devour.' Now, my friends, with your leave, we will divide the subject of our text, to-day, into four heads. Firstly, We shall endeavor to ascertain 'who the devil he was?' Secondly. We shall inquire into his geographical position—namely, 'Where the devil he was; and where the devil he was going?' Thirdly. And this of a personal character—'Who the devil he was seeking?' And fourthly and lastly. We shall endeavor to solve a question which has never yet been solved—'What the devil he was roaring about?'"

The Right or Left Arm.—The question whether a gentleman walking with a lady should give her his right arm, is frequently discussed. Custom and written etiquette are rather in favor of the right, although there are excellent reasons in favor of the left arm. Either one or the other, permanently retained, is vastly better than the awkward and absurd habit of changing arms, so as to place the ladies on the inside of the promenade. One advantage of giving the left arm is that the person on the right naturally takes the lead, so that in the country or city, in the street or park, he thus directs the way instead of waiting to consult with his companion, or causing a jostling by each of them trying to move in opposite points. Another advantage is, that in a crowded thoroughfare, like Broadway, for example, where the sidewalk is invariably encumbered with merchandise and thronged with people, a gentleman needs his right arm to remove obstructions and keep rude or careless folks out of the way.—*Scribner's for June.*

The Niagara suspension bridge is now about twenty-five years old, and has been even recently pronounced the "grandest and most distinguishing achievement of art" in the world. Although of less span than the Cincinnati bridge, it is a stronger and heavier structure. Its span is eight hundred and twenty-two feet; its roadway is two hundred and forty-five feet above the water; its towers are seventy-eight and eighty-eight feet high; its cables are four in number and of ten inches diameter. There are four thousand miles of wire in the cables and stays, and the total weight of the bridge is something over one million six hundred thousand pounds. It has a factor of safety of about six. Its cost was $500,000.

The editor of the *Michigan Argus* seems to be the sort of man one likes to hear of as standing at the helm of a newspaper. A subscriber lately came to him with an article in his hand and this speech in his mouth:—"Put that in the *Argus*, or stop my paper." The editor did not put in the article, but erased the subscriber's name, and even surprised him by surviving the event. "We have no desire," he says, "to lose our subscribers; and yet there is running through our head an old and familiar rhyme, penned, no doubt, by an editor in just our fix:

'We do not belong to our patrons,
This paper is wholly our own;
Whoever likes it can take it,
Who don't, can let it alone.'"

Sufferers whose unhappy lot in life it has been to live next door to a musical family, will fully appreciate a story that is told of Von Bulow, the eminent German pianist. An aspiring genius had been sent to him to receive some lessons in music. On the youth's return home he was asked his opinion of his master. "Well," said he, 'he is a great teacher, and gave me fine lessons, and, better than all, he is the most pious man I ever saw." "How do you make that out?" "Why, all the time that I was playing he would repeat, 'Good Lord, what sin have I committed to deserve this punishment?'"

[From the Commercial Herald.]

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

FLOUR.—Supplies from Oregon are liberal, the schr Hera bringing 8,565 qr sks and 400 hf sks; the stmr Ajax brought 5,071 qr sks; and the John L. Stephens 5,410 qr and 412 hf sks. Exports for the week include the steamship China's cargo for Hongkong, say 1,065 bbls, 350 hf sks, and 7,700 qr sks. The market for Superfine is depressed, selling at $4 25@4 50, according to quality. Extra Superfine, $4 75@5: Extra, $5 25@5 50 (including Oregon. The Starr Mills, Vallejo, is now doubling its capacity, preparatory to doing an increased export business the coming season. It is now the largest establishment in the State, and has loaded more ships and sold more cargoes of Breadstuff in 1874 than any other mill on this coast, the demand for it coming from France, England, Central American ports, etc. The Golden Gate is the largest flouring mill in this city, and like the Golden Age does a large export as well as local trade, making a very superior article for family and bakers' use. The National flouring mill does a large export trade with China and the United Kingdom. The best Extra silk-dressed, from the Golden Age and Golden Gate Mills is jobbing at $5-75 ₱ bbl. We note a sale to Government of 1,500 bbls Extra National Mills, all in sacks, at $5 36 ₱ 200 lbs—say 2,200 100-lb sacks, 1,600 50-lb sacks. The Constitution carries for Kingston, Jamaica, 200 bbls Flour (in wood) and 300 hf sks do, Golden Gate Mills.

WHEAT—Arrivals of the new crop made their first appearance here on the morning of the 11th inst., coming from Hill's Ferry, Stanislaus County. The quality was good, weighing 63 lbs to the bushel, and was of the variety known as Sonora Club, a small, hard, round, flinty kernel. Some 1,700 ctls were received, and sold for export at $1 65, one-half going aboard the Thomas Dana and the balance per Patterdale, both ships on the Liverpool berth. We annex a tabulated statement of the time of arrival of the first of the new crop for a series of years:

Year.	Arrived.	Price.
1858	July 14	$1 90@2 00
1860	July 3	1 56@1 85
1861	July 7	1 50@1 62
1862	July 11	1 62@1 65
1863	June 20	1 50@1 60
1864	July 5	2 20@2 25
1865	June 12	2 20@2 25
1866	June 2	1 50@1 60
1867	June 17	1 65@1 75
1868	June 18	1 80@2 00
1869	June 15	1 40@1 45
1870	June 9	1 70@1 80
1871	June 22	1 30@1 37½
1872	June 10	1 80@1 85
1873	June 6	1 75@1 80
1874	June 11	1 65@

The market continues to be well supplied with old grain of good quality. Sales for the week embrace 4,500 sks choice old for milling at $1 82½@1 85; 7,500 sks fair do, $1 77½; 4,000 sks medium, $1 70@1 75 ₱ ctl. The receipts of new are quite meagre, and vessels on the berth fill up very slowly. For this kind $1 65 would be freely paid in all the month of June. Liverpool quotations of June 17th are: For average California, 12s 3d@12s 6d; club, 12 6d@12 9d, which is a penny decline for the week. Since writing the foregoing, we are in receipt of 150 tons new crop to various consignees, including 10 tons of very superior white Sonora Club, received at Vallejo the 15th inst. It is said to weigh 65 lbs to the bushel. It is superb, and is a foreshadowing of the large crop yet to come forward.

BARLEY.—We are in receipt of liberal supplies of new crop from down the coast, and also small lots from the bay district. The first new of the season—say 51 sacks, from San Pedro—sold on the 9th inst., at $1 45. On the 11th inst., 1,700 sks new feed was received from Antioch, and for this lot $1 20 was promptly offered and refused, but subsequently sold in lots at $1 25@1 27½; other parcels soon followed, with sales at $1 20@1 22½ for about 1,000 sks; then declining to $1 15@1 17½ on the 17th inst. The sales of old crop for the week aggregate 4,000 sks brought bay, as $1 65; 1,000 sks do, $1 52½@1 55; 1,000 sks feed, $1 37½@1 40 ₱ ctl. Holders of choice old brewing continue firm, demanding $1 80@1 85 for extra choice parcels. The shipments overland in May were 40,442 lbs Barley, and of Malt, 203,000 lbs. Since writing the above, several small parcels of new feed are at hand and sold at $1 10@1 15, according to quality.

OATS—The receipts from Oregon per Ajax were 749 sks; per John L. Stephens, 3,097 sks; and per schr Hera, 4,186 sks. These heavy arrivals have a depressing effect upon the general market, for want of an export outlet. It is not yet known the extent of the Cyphrenes' requirements for her return voyage to the Colonies. Sales for the week, so far as made public, embrace 1,500 sks light, $1 50@1 55; 2,500 sks good Oregon, in lots, $1 70@1 72½. Extra choice is held at $1 75 ₱ ctl. The market closes strong under a 500 ton order for the Colonies, per Cyphrenes; price, $1 75.

CORN—The supply is light. Sales for the week, in lots, of 1,000 sks Bay and Southern, at 2c ₱ lb.

POTATOES—The Mission crop is almost a total failure, and the impression among interested dealers is that prices must advance. The last arrivals from Half Moon Bay sold readily from the wharf at $1 50@1 85, the latter rate for choice. Missions, $1 50@1 65. The supply of old is well nigh exhausted.

ONIONS—The receipts continue light, and prices have advanced to $1 50 12½ ₱ 100 lbs.

HAY—The supply is liberal, with small cargo sales of new at $10@14.

MUSTARD SEED—There is a light demand for White at 1½@2½c. Brown and Red, 2@3c, according to quality, but the supply is very light

ALFALFA SEED—The demand is light, with small jobbing sales at 12½c.

BRAN AND MIDDLINGS—The present mill price in jobbing lots $17 for the former and $27 50 ₱ ton for the latter.

BEANS—The stock of White is light, while that of Bayos and other colored is large. The former bring good prices, while the latter are difficult of sale at low figures. We quote jobbing rates: Bayos, 2½@2¾c; Butter, 6@7c; Pea, 3½@3¾c; Small White, 3½@3¾c; Pink and Red, 2@2½c.

RYE—There is very little offering, and business slack at $1 50@1 55, according to quality.

HONEY—Free receipts of Los Angeles, both strained and comb, have caused a decline in prices, and at our quotations the market is exceedingly dull. Strained is now held at 8@12c; comb at 25@27½c.

BEESWAX—Is very dull, with small sales of Yellow at 27½c.

HIDES—Business is unusually dull, country supplies evidently held back for better prices. We know of no large transactions. The ship Gentoo for New York carries 3,000 skins, and there were sent overland in May 35 000 lbs. We quote Dry, 18c; Murrain, 12c; Wet Salted, 8½@9c.

TALLOW—The demand is moderate, with sales of 11,000 lbs crude at 7½@7½c; 3,500 lbs refined at 8¾c.

LEATHER—The local consumption is largely and steadily increasing, mainly for the manufacture of Boots and Shoes. There were shipped East in May overland 28,000 lbs.

WOOL—Oregon is now sending in her supplies: about 400 bales received this week. Advices from the north report sales of selected clips in that market to manufacturers at 30@33c for good to choice fleece. That is fully up to our prices. A private letter from the East, dated Boston, June 9th, says: "Our market is fairly active, Wools being taken freely, but not at prices corresponding to recent quotations in San Francisco. Our manufactories are in want of Wool, and we look for a steady demand for some months and a full maintenance of present prices." The sales here for the week aggregate nearly 1,000,000 lbs. Some holders are now asking as high as 33@35c for extra clips: Oregon Wools with us have sold at 27½@30c for clean lots. California fleece may be quoted at 28@32½c for good to choice long clean staple; 23@26c for good, and for average, 20@22c: burry, 18@21½c.

DAIRY PRODUCE—There is a moderate supply of fresh Roll Butter, which is in good demand at 28@30c for good to choice, while a few fancy dairies bring 32½c: extra choice in tubs and half firkins, 50 lbs each, selling at 32½c: ordinary firkin of good quality is held at 26@30c. California Cheese is coming in freely, selling at 11@13c. Eggs—The market is overstocked with Eastern, and consequently prices remain quite low for all kinds: fresh California are quotable at 25@27½c: Eastern, 18@20c. 10,000 dozen Oregon just received held at 18@20c.

POULTRY—Is in fair demand; the market may be quoted firm at the following rates: Hens and Roosters, $7 00@8 50; Broilers, $3 00@6 50; tame Ducks, $7 00@8 00 ₱ doz: tame Geese, $1 50@2 00 ₱ pair: Turkeys, live, 18@20c ₱ lb; Hare, $2 50@3 ₱ doz.

CATTLE—Meats of all descriptions are plenty and cheap: quality excellent. Slaughterer's prices are: Beef, ₱ quarter, first quality, 6@6c: second quality, 5@6c. Mutton is plentiful at 4½@4¾c. Spring Lambs, 6c. Calves scarce—held at 7@8c. Hogs are very plentiful, and prices have fallen to 6@6½c, the latter price for small, which are very scarce, and 8@9¼c for dressed, the latter for choice small Hogs.

FRUIT—The schooner Maggie Johnston from Tahiti has arrived with 340,000 Oranges. Gooseberries, Cherries, and Currants are now coming in freely. Strawberries are not so abundant. Apricots are now coming into market of good quality; a few choice Royal variety find ready sale. Red Astrachan Apples and Madeline Pears are improving in quality. Raspberries and Blackberries command high figures. Oregon sent us this week about 500 hf bbls Dried Apples. These find quick sale at 7½@8c, with a prospect of higher figures ere long. The display of fresh fruits in our markets is now grand. A few Peaches have already appeared. The Cherry crop promises superabundantly. We quote as follows: Apples, cooking 5@7½c ₱ bskt; Red Astrachan, $2 ₱ box: Pears, Madeline, $1@1 25 ₱ box, 50@60c ₱ bskt. Apricots, 7½@12½c ₱ lb. Oranges, Tahiti, $3@5 ₱ M; Los Angeles, $2@3 ₱ M. Lemons, Sicily, $14 ₱ box; Los Angeles, $15@20 ₱ M; Australian, $5 ₱ 100. Limes, $1@1 50 ₱ M. Bananas, $2@4 ₱ bunch. Pine Apples, $6@8 ₱ doz. Cocoanuts, $10 ₱ 100. Strawberries, $6@12 ₱ chest. Cherries—choice, 10@12c: common, 6@8c ₱ lb. Gooseberries—common, 1½@2c: English, 7@8c ₱ lb. Raspberries, 15c ₱ lb. Currants, 4@6c ₱ lb: to canners, 3c. Cherry Plums, 10@12½c ₱ lb. Mangoes, $3@6 ₱ 100.

THUS far 180 vessels of the California wheat fleet of 1873-4 are known to have reached their destinations. There are now supposed to be 63 wheat and flour cargoes on the way from San Francisco to Europe, including two that cleared in December, 14 in January, 16 in February, 9 in March, 11 in April, 19 in May, and 4 in June.

WHEN IMPORTATION IS COMPLETED.—The Attorney General has decided that the time at which the importation of goods is accomplished is not when they are entered for consumption, but when they are brought into a port of the United States with the intent to be there discharged, and that an act of Congress increasing in general terms duties upon imported goods does not apply to goods then in warehouses.

FARM AND GARDEN.

MARK TWAIN'S HINTS ABOUT WORK.—*The days are getting longer*, and the sun does not set as soon as it did in January; therefore farmers have ample opportunity to put in the seed for an early crop of clothes-pins.

Turnips should never be pulled—it injures them. It is much better to send a boy up and let him shake the tree.

Cows in wet and slushy weather should not be allowed to leave their rooms, otherwise a sudden attack of influenza may dry up their milk. Be careful also not to give them vinegar with their pickles. It is certain to make the milk sour. A simple diet of soup, plain roast beef and potatoes, and rice pudding is the proper thing to make cows thrive.

It is evident that we are to have a backward season for grain. Therefore, it will be well for the farmer to begin setting out his corn-stalks and planting his buckwheat cakes in May instead of August.

With hogs this is the laying season, and you should give them plenty of lime and egg-shells mixed in their feed. Broken glass is good for the same purpose, though it is apt to make the shells brittle. Care is to be taken in picking the hogs before putting them in the oven.

The guano is a fine bird, but great care is necessary in rearing it. It should not be imported earlier than May nor later than September. In the winter it should be kept in a warm place where it can hatch out its young.

Chickens, during the early Spring, cannot be expected to catch many worms, since the latter hibernate in the tops of tall trees. Keep your chickens in a warm stable, and see that there is always plenty of hay in their racks. Let their halters be long enough to permit them to lie down comfortably, otherwise you may find them choked to death in the course of the night.

The pumpkin is a favorite berry with the natives of the interior of New-England, who prefer it to the gooseberry for the making of fruit cake, and who likewise give it the preference over the raspberry for feeding cows, as being more filling and fully as satisfying. The pumpkin is the only esculent of the orange family that will thrive in the North, except the gourd and one or two varieties of the squash. But the custom of planting it in the front yard with the shrubbery is fast going out of vogue, for it is now generally conceded that the pumpkin as a shade tree is a failure.

PRESERVING POTATOES.—Potatoes will be crisp and mealy all the winter and spring if excluded from light by layers of moist sand, and kept just about freezing temperature, and such as fully appreciate a good article will scarcely be induced to use potatoes stored, exposed, and handled in the ordinary way. Every farmer knows how mealy and appetizing potatoes are when just dug in the fall; also, when first taken from his out-door pits in the spring; and how rapidly they deteriorate in quality after a short exposure in his cellar or out-buildings. Years ago, when 200 bushels to the acre was a fair yield and 25 cents the highest price, farmers were compelled to store and handle in bulk without care or special attention, but their entire market value would be merged in the enhanced expense. Now everything is reversed, and so light is the average yield in some States, and so great is the expense of producing, that 70 cents scarcely pays its cost; therefore it behooves producer and consumer alike to adopt the most efficient means for preserving and handling, which may be cheaply and tolerably well done as follows: Such potatoes as are intended for winter use and spring market should immediately be put in barrels, with as much moist sand as will shake among them, and only opened as required for use. Those intended for the fall market should also be put in barrels, but without sand, for the buyer can more cheaply obtain it at home than pay its transportation to his more distant market. Farmers wanting to winter large quantities, and finding it inconvenient to obtain barrels, can keep them fresh by alternating layers of sand and potatoes in his cellar bins. The extra labor and barrel costs about 50 cents, and nearly doubles the real value of three bushels of potatoes for consumption.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

OILING ROOFS.—A correspondent of the *Mirror and Farmer* says:—"In 1848 I built a shed from the house to the barn with two roofs; shingled it with sapling pine shingles. One roof or one side I oiled with black oil, which is the cheapest fish oil in market—then worth about forty cents per gallon, worth about sixty cents now—and it proved an experiment worth being made known to others. The roof or side not oiled had to be shingled over eight or ten years ago. The side which I oiled is yet good. I oiled it over again last fall and how much longer it will last I don't know, but I do know it has lasted twenty-five years without repairing and without leaking. Last fall I oiled other roofs besides the one which was oiled 1848, and I think sapling pine shingles well oiled when first laid, if they are dry, and well oiled once in ten years, would last an age. The shingles should be perfectly dry when oiled and as much oil put on as will strike in."

One of a party of Eastern men offered a miner a half-dollar for showing them through the Nevada silver mines. He looked at the money a moment, and then, turning to the Easterner, said: "May I ask you how much you are estimated at home to be worth?" "About $25,000," was the reply. "Well," said the miner, "I guess I won't take your half dollar. I made a quarter of a million the last month."

Bribery in England.

If the recent cases of contested elections in England are to be taken as indications of the corruption practiced throughout the kingdom, they show a degree of immorality among voters deserving attention not only from thoughtful people in Great Britain, but from those in this country also who recognize the essential kinship of the two nations. It is of the greatest importance to us to observe the results of several centuries of constitutional liberty upon the political conscience of the masses, in a country so entirely under the dominion of law that crimes of all kinds, including that of bribery, are reasonably sure of investigation, and, upon conviction, of punishment. The cases recently examined in England show a singular simplicity of procedure, which may arise from the fact that the candidate and his agents are so frequently non-residents of the district whose suffrages are required. Where the aspirant has no especial claims to the votes of a constituency, it is natural that those who are working for him should take direct means to interest individual voters in his success by the use of the most immediate and powerful agency known to human affairs. This necessity may account for the startling openness and flagrancy of the bribery which has been brought to light in a number of cases, which must result in the unseating of several members of the next Parliament.

In the Wakefield election the investigation held before Mr. Justice Grove developed the most unblushing performances. A Liberal tailor, John Thompson, was offered ten shillings by Councilor Howden to vote for the Conservative candidate, Mr. Green. Henry Blades frankly swore that he had received £2 from Councilor Ough, another Conservative electioneerer. He went with his money to a public house, and rattled his half-sovereigns with pardonable pride, saying, as Mr. Kasson said in the House of Representatives, "These are the sort to have." An Irish laborer said he had received three sovereigns for his vote from Alderman Howden, the Councilor's brother. One Greenhough dealt more in wholesale. He contracted to deliver his own and three more votes for £8. Jeremiah Wray was a sagacious voter; he got a sovereign from Seth Berridge, and he "suspected" it was to induce him to vote for Green. William Kinson said, with the air of a man who had a grievance, that he was about to have 30 shillings for his vote, but that a Liberal workman came in and frightened his purchaser away. A puddler named Beesley had very accurate notions of the value of his independent suffrage; he got twelve shillings and sixpence for it, and was so satisfied with his bargain that he showed the money to a Liberal comrade, and thus brought himself into court.

WAR HORSES.—These interesting animals, when hit in battle, stop, tremble in every muscle, and groan deeply, while their eyes show deep astonishment. During the battle of Waterloo, some of the horses as they lay upon the ground, having recovered from the first agony of their wounds, fell to eating the grass about them, thus surrounding themselves with a circle of bare ground the limited extent of which showed their weakness. Others were observed quitely grazing on the field, between two hostile lines, their riders having been shot off their backs; and the balls flying over their heads, and the tumult behind, before, and around them, caused no interruption to the usual instinct of their nature. It was also observed that when a charge of cavalry went past near to any of the stray horses already mentioned, they would set off, form themselves in the rear of their mounted companions, and though without riders, gallop strenuously along with the rest, not stopping or flinching when the fatal shock with the enemy took place. At the battle of Kirk, in 1745, Major MacDonald having unhorsed an English officer, took possession of his horse, which was very beautiful, and immediately mounted it. When the English cavalry fled the horse ran away with its captor, notwithstanding all his efforts to restrain him; nor did he stop until it was at the head of the regiment of which apparently its master was commander. The melancholy and at the same time ludicrous figure which MacDonald presented when he thus saw himself the victim of his ambition to possess a fine horse, which ultimately cost him his life upon the scaffold, may be easily conceived.

BE ECONOMICAL.—Look most to your spending. No matter what comes in, if more goes out, you will always be poor. The art is not in making money but in keeping it; little expenses, like mice in a large barn, when they are many make great waste. Hair by hair heads get bald; straw by straw the thatch goes off the cottage; and drop by drop the rain comes in the chamber. A barrel is soon empty, if the tap leaks but a drop a minute. When you mean to save begin with your mouth; many thieves pass down the red lane. The ale jug is a great waste. In all other things keep within compass. Never stretch your legs further than the blanket will reach or you will soon be cold. In clothes choose suitable and lasting stuff, and not tawdry fineries. To be warm is the main thing, never mind the looks. A fool may make money, but it needs a wise man to spend it. Remember that it is easier to build two chimneys than to keep one going. If you give all to back and board, there is nothing left for the Savings Bank. Fare hard and work hard while you are young, and you will have a chance to rest when you are old.

North Carolina claims to be the only State in the Union which produces every article enumerated in the census of 1870.

A FAR-SEEING MERCHANT.

His Proposed Trip to Europe, and what we will behold during the Holidays.

This is not a season of financial depression, although many men of business complain of stringent times. The jewelry trade for months past has had many ups and downs, and few large dealers have escaped the results of an overstocked market and of a general indisposition to purchase on the part of the public. The diamond trade especially has been affected in this way, but the result has been produced by a more specific cause, which we will endeavor to note briefly. For centuries past the most famous stones known to commerce have been found in the mines of Brazil and Golconda, but during the last few years the supply has so materially diminished that dealers have been compelled to introduce stones from other localities. The Cape has given a good supply; so have other portions of South Africa, but the African diamond has never approached in brilliancy and color those from Brazil and India. Colonel Andrews, the great dealer in diamonds and jewelry, 221 Montgomery Street, Lick House Block, informs us that the major portion of the diamonds now for sale in San Francisco comes from the Cape, and that he alone possesses a large assortment from localities having an historic prestige.

He, however, has resident buyers in South Africa, looking up any fine stones that may be found, and lately received a large consignment which he has determined to ship to New York, as they are not of sufficiently pure water to suit his line of trade. We saw the collection, also the invoice of prices, which amounts to £12,571 10s sterling. The Colonel has been compelled to forward them East, not at a loss, we are glad to say, for he holds his agents strictly to account in their purchases. During our interview with the Colonel he laid his business plans for the next year before us—his intention of embarking for Europe on the first of August—and the magnificent splendor with which he will fit up his Diamond Palace on his return. The estimated cost of improvement is something fabulous, and while many an ordinary merchant would stand aghast at the tremendous outlay, the Colonel talks about figures with such perfect *nonchalance* that we regard him as the most daring man in the State.

His stock is now ahead of anything on the coast, but when his importations from Amsterdam, Paris and London have arrived, he promises the public sights which would dazzle the eyes of the kings and potentates of the earth. In the meantime, the Colonel will offer his present selection at a small advance over invoice rates, not at cost, as some irresponsible dealers would have it, but at much less than the cost of similar articles. The balance will be sold to the trade. The Colonel informs us that he will bring back from Europe only the raw material, such as movements of watches, unset diamonds, and other precious stones.

About the first of October this splendid establishment will be fairly opened, and the Colonel's great power of drawing the multitude will make it, during the holiday season and all time to come, the centre of attraction. It will vie with Tiffany's, of New York, or Emanuel's, of London.

THE INVALID—A PEN PICTURE.

See her pallid countenance, but a short time ago the picture of ruddy health, the envy of the school and the pride of the household. She was always welcomed to the social circles, for her life form and pleasing disposition carried cheerfulness into their ranks. Diligent, punctual, and exemplary, obedient and graceful at home, she won the hearts of all. But, alas, we are sorrowed! Those rosy cheeks and ruddy lips are blanched by Consumption. The voice once so enchanting in laugh and song is feeble, husky, and supplanted by a hollow cough. Let us approach her couch gently and take her hand. Do not shudder because of the feeble and passionless grasp. The hand once so hearty and plump is emaciated and shows bony outlines, while the cords and tortuous veins are plainly mapped upon the surface. The pulse that bounded with repletion, carrying vigor to the whole system, and imparting life, beauty, vivacity, health, and strength, is delicate to the touch. The feeble heart cannot propel the thin, scanty blood with force. Must we lose her while yet in her teens? Companions and friends gather round with words of cheer and consolation, and depart with moistened eyes and silent steps. Must we lose her? No, there is relief! We can stay this destroyer of our happiness and not suffer the loss of so bright a gem. Something more is required now than dietary and hygienic observance, for nature calls for aid, and she shall have it. Take this pleasant medicine. It is invigorating. How it allays the irritable cough, improves the appetite and digestion, and sends a healthy tingle through the frame. The blood is enriched, nervous force increased and the heart bounds with a new impulse. See her face brighten by degrees; the color is returning, her voice is getting clearer, and pleasant words are spoken. Strength Bitters yet, but is gaining. Let us take her out into the warm sunshine. In a short time she will be able to go without our aid, a cheerful girl. This delightful medicine must be God-blessed. It is restoring health to our loved one. She is emerging from her sickness sweeter and nobler than before, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery must have the credit. It has raised her.

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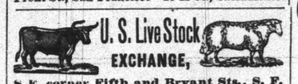

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